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# The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

September 18, 1922, Temperature 81.

Barometer 29.59

Rainfall 0.00 inch.

Humidity 58.

September 18, 1921, Temperature 79.

No. 18,674.

一拜禮

號八十月九年二十二百九千一英

HONGKONG, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1922.

日七廿月七戌壬大歲年一十國民華中

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## TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

### EUROPE'S DANGER CENTRE.

#### ANOTHER TURKISH OUTRAGE.

LONDON, September 17.

A semi-official message from Athens states that a Greek battleship wireless that the Turks set fire to the town of Voulas near Smyrna and murdered nearly all the Greek and Armenian inhabitants.

#### POSITION OF ITALY.

Rome, September 17.

The Tribuna says that Italy solidly supports the Allies in safeguarding the freedom of the Straits but the paper has reason to believe that Italy will be unable to assist with contingents in the event of military operations becoming necessary.

#### HOW REFUGEES WERE TREATED.

ATHENS, September 17.

Refugees from Smyrna state that the British, American and Japanese vessels in port took aboard all comers without examining their papers. French and Italian ships only accepted foreign subjects with passports.

#### FRENCH BANK MONEY SAFE.

PARIS, September 17.

A message from Smyrna states that the funds of the French banks there have been safely removed aboard a French vessel.

#### AUSTRALIA WILL BE THERE.

MELBOURNE, September 17.

After consulting his Cabinet the Commonwealth Premier (Mr. W. M. Hughes) announced that the Government is prepared to send a contingent to the Near East if necessary.

#### LITTLE ENTENTE WORKING.

BERLIN, September 17.

The newspapers publish the text of a military convention allegedly signed at Marienburg on August 31, by representatives of the little entente undertaking jointly to defend the status quo of mid-East Europe and declaring that they will regard a threat to any signatory as a threat to all.

#### "LAST GREEK ARMY CAPTURED."

PARIS, September 17.

Messages from Ankara claim that 7,000 Greeks of "the last Greek army in Asia Minor" have been captured.

#### MORE REFUGEES REACH MALTA.

MALTA, September 17.

A steamship carrying another 750 British refugees has arrived from Smyrna.

#### FREEDOM OF THE STRAITS.

FRENCH NEWSPAPER COMMENT.

PARIS, September 14.

The British statement has been the subject of considerable newspaper comment which is unanimous in insisting on the freedom of the Straits but is otherwise non-committal. Attention is directed to the attitude of Britain who, despite the desire of a peaceful settlement, is declared to be taking steps to reinforce her military contingents in Constantinople and to despatch warships in case of eventualities. The papers are not enthusiastic in favour of France embarking on military operations against the Kemalists though it is the general desire of France to keep her engagements to the allies. The Petit Journal considers that the true solution of the problem of the security of the Straits is to entrust their defence to an independent force strong enough to deal with any would-be disturber of the peace and thus ensuring that the interests of all parties would be adequately safeguarded.

#### HOME MINISTERS CONFERRING.

CABINET COUNCIL MEETS TO-DAY.

LONDON, September 17.

The critical nature of the situation in the Near East is shown by the fact that Lloyd George has found it necessary further to confer with a number of Cabinet Ministers at "Chequers" to-day in regard to which they were in communication with Earl Carson and the Government departments throughout the day. A Cabinet Council is being held at Downing Street at noon to-morrow. The Serbian Foreign Minister comes to London to-morrow to confer with Lloyd George and Earl Carson.

#### ANOTHER NEW BARRISTER.

MR. CAMPBELL PROSSER ADMITTED.

Another new barrister—Mr. Campbell Prosser—was admitted at the Supreme Court this morning, on the motion of the Attorney General (the Hon. Mr. J. H. Kempt, K.C.). The Attorney General told the Chief Justice (Sir William Newbould, K.C.) that Mr. Prosser served throughout the war, being attached to the 1st Battalion, Buffs, and was in Gallipoli, Palestine and Mesopotamia. He was called to the bar at Gray's Inn on June 8, 1921 and subsequently joined the South Wales and Chester circuit.

Addressing Mr. Prosser, the Chief Justice said: "I have had an opportunity of examining the affidavit and the papers filed in connection with this application and I have much pleasure in admitting you to practice in the Bar of this Court. The duty which I have to perform is naturally all the more gratifying to me as you are a member of the South Wales and Chester circuit, the circuit to which I was attached, and on which I practised for a number of years. It is a privilege to have you to the bar."

### THE DOLLAR.

To-day's closing rate 2/6 13/16.  
To-day's opening rate 2/6 13/16.

### EUROPE'S DANGER CENTRE.

#### NORTH STAFFORDS FOR CONSTANTINOPLE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 17.

The First North Staffords are standing by prior to leaving. It is understood their destination is Constantinople.

#### SERBIAN ALARM.

PARIS, September 17.

M. Poincaré and the King of Serbia conferred for two and a half hours on the Turco-Greek situation. The Serbian foreign minister was present. It was subsequently stated that the crossing of nationalists to the European side of the Straits would be regarded as most dangerous by Serbia. Serbia, although she has as yet taken no military measures, has informed Britain and France that she would be greatly alarmed by the return of Turkish rule in Thrace, which would seriously disturb the situation. The Angora representative, Ferid Bey, afterwards called on the Serbian king and foreign minister. It is understood he assured them that the return of the Turks to Thrace would in no wise endanger the Balkan countries.

#### TURKISH PRESS OPINION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 17.

The Turkish papers agree that the freedom of the Straits must be respected. The principal Nationalist organ says information from a semi-official source leads it to believe that necessary sacrifices will be made within the limits of the national pact to put an end to the present situation but it is absolutely impossible in the matter of the Straits to go beyond the national pact.

#### CANADIAN GOVERNMENT SUPRISED.

OTTAWA, September 17.

The news of the invitation to the Dominions to send a contingent to the Near East came as a great surprise to the Government officials. Premier King said the matter was one for a cabinet council which would be held to-morrow. It is probable a special session of parliament will be summoned to deal with the matter.

#### AMERICAN MISSION TO RUSSIA.

#### SOVIET GOVERNMENT'S VIEW.

LONDON, September 17.

It is reported that the Soviet representatives here have informed the American ambassador that the Soviet government cannot assent to the despatch of an American official investigation mission to Russia as suggested but would welcome an official mission for the purpose of opening negotiations or a non-official mission of businessmen for the purpose of acquiring information. It invites fresh proposals based on a principle of equality.

#### FRENCH SEAMEN'S STRIKE.

#### FINISHED: SHIPPING NORMAL AGAIN.

PARIS, September 17.

The French seamen's strike ended without incident. Ships are now sailing as usual. The men's representatives state that the next step will be the adoption of means to make the new working regime unworkable.

#### BAVARIA BARS TOURISTS.

#### ECONOMIC SITUATION TOO BAD.

BERLIN, September 17.

The Bavarian government announces that owing to the economic situation here tourists henceforth will not be permitted to enter or to sojourn in Bavaria.

#### ANOTHER INDUSTRIAL AGREEMENT.

BERLIN, September 17.

It is reported that an agreement on the lines of the Stinnes-Lubbers arrangement of September 7, has been signed at Stuttgart between South-German and French groups industrialists.

#### TOOK THE "HINT."

A Chinese charged before Mr. B. E. Lindell, this morning with having without a licence and offering a bribe to a Chinese constable, said that the constable gave him a hint therefore he had over 15 cents. The Magistrate: "What hint did he give you? Did he wink at you?" No. Then how did he do it?—He told me he was a constable. I took the hint and handed the money over. Magistrate: "Oh! 35 or 6 days on the first charge and 10 or 10 days on the other. The 15 cents goes to the poor box."

## BUSINESS NOTICES

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Made of a fine Gabardine cloth and cut on full easy lines allowing that freedom of movement essential to the player.

Two Qualities

\$18.50, \$19.50 per pair.

### SHIRTS, SWEATERS, SOCKS

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& CO., LTD.

Men's Wear Specialists.

Alexandra Building,  
Des Voeux Road.



Only a "COUGH" but you stop it while it is ONLY a cough.

"A stitch in time saves nine"

FLETCHER'S COUGH LINCOS will do it.

It is effective and pleasant to take.

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## MEE WAH KNITTING & DYEING CO.

General Knitter & Dyer.

Manufacturers of Woollen Singlets, Jerseys, Sweaters & all kinds of Underwear.

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Manager: YEUNG POH WAN.

## THE INTERNATIONAL SHIRT CO.

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(Opposite Central Police Station.) Tel. Central 4166.

Dealers in all kinds of High-class Silk Shirts,

Collars, Neckties and Pyjamas for Gentlemen

AND ALSO

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ALSO MADE TO ORDER

MODERATE PRICES. PROMPT DELIVERY

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ESTABLISHED 81 YEARS.

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USEFUL KNITTED DRESSES FOR  
CHILDREN.

SMART MILLINERY FOR  
LADIES & CHILDREN.

A SPLENDID VARIETY OF  
COSTUME TWEEDS, Etc.

LADIES' SHOES.

The China Mail.

"TRUTH, JUSTICE, PUBLIC SERVICE"

HONGKONG, MONDAY, SEPT. 18, 1922.

## CHILDREN'S CHARTER.

Condemning the "monstrous blind  
ness" of the educated classes to the  
social evils of his day, To-day ob-  
servant to be not bad actions at all,  
but merely the results of unalterable  
laws beyond their control. How true!  
For years Hongkong's governing  
classes have seen child labour con-  
ditions here—could they possibly have  
overlooked them?—and for years have  
concluded (often quite regretfully)  
that nothing could be done in the face  
of local economic conditions.

It was this attitude, still comfort-  
ably intact about the time that Hong-  
kong became a British Colony, that  
caused the conditions which led  
an angry observer to write of a  
Lancashire town in those days the stinging rebuke that  
"anything like the squalid misery,  
the slow mouldering, putrefying death  
by which the weak and feeble of the  
working classes are perishing here,  
it never befell my eyes to behold or  
my imagination to conceive." Those  
were the days when the Home  
worker was compelled to toil,  
with his wife and little children,  
twelve or fifteen hours a day, under  
revolving sanitary conditions, amid  
dangerous machinery left unenclosed  
for the sake of economy, and in an  
atmosphere deliberately made un-  
healthy by gas and steam to facilitate  
manufacture. Had not the few nobler  
spirits, notably Robert Owen and  
Lord Shaftesbury, awakened the  
national conscience, Britain might  
have waited long for the industrial  
legislation that has since led the world  
and has now at last reached Hong-  
kong.

Every civilized country, with a few  
unlucky exceptions, now has its in-  
dustrial legislation affording protec-

tion for the child worker. Most of  
these nations are of one accord in for-  
bidding the employment of children  
in factories. The age limit alone  
differs. Britain fixes fourteen years,  
France thirteen. Hongkong proposes  
ten. France's working day for  
adolescents between the ages of  
thirteen and eighteen is ten hours. In  
Britain, from the age of twelve to  
fourteen, the child's working day is  
only half that of an adult, or else one  
day in two. Hongkong contemplates  
a nine hour day.

The protection of children has not  
been achieved without strong  
opposition. Reforms were regarded as  
attacks on the hitherto sacred  
principle that the child was the prop-  
erty of its immediate physical  
parents, for them (as Shaw puts it) to  
do what they liked with it as far as it  
would let them, so that "its condition  
was that which adults recognize as the  
most miserable and dangerous  
politically possible for themselves:  
namely, the condition of slavery." So  
firmly was this idea held less than a  
century ago in Europe and the United  
States that parents had the almost  
unrestrained disposal of their children.  
Children (or wives) could not, without  
elaborate and costly special arrange-  
ments, own property, or dispose of  
their own persons, or invoke the  
protection of the criminal law  
as against the dominant male  
head of the family, for  
any tyranny, ill treatment, or  
cruelty short of actual death, and  
scarcely even for that.

Bernard Shaw defines childhood as  
"a stage in the process of that con-  
tinual remanufacture of the Life Stuff  
by which the Human race is perpe-  
tuated." It is the State's paramount  
interest in the lives and welfare of its  
rising generation, not so much pleas-  
ure, that have led to the re-  
form which guarantees the child its  
right to nurture, protection against  
neglect and cruelty, and exemption  
from premature hard work. That this  
truth is proved by the fact that Britain  
began to punish cruelty to animals  
before it began to punish parents'   
cruelty to their children. And now

Hongkong is following the Home  
example.

Hongkong's proposed legislation,  
with its 9 hour day and other weak  
points, may not be as complete as  
some had hoped, but it is still a great  
step forward. The Government's  
task is clearly very delicate. "Objects  
and Reasons" say "it is obviously  
necessary to approach the problem  
cautiously and slowly in order to  
avoid upsetting long established  
social and economic conditions," since  
"too drastic an interference with  
juvenile labour would undoubtedly  
cause hardship to the poorer  
classes." However, once the problem  
is taken well in hand, further urgent  
reforms should follow. The first cut-  
cry made, it took Britain 31 years  
and France 39 to give child workers  
legal protection. Those were the  
pioneer movements, though, and  
Hongkong has the advantage of being  
able to study the experience and ex-  
periment of other countries. Fur-  
thermore, the thing that most delayed  
reform in Britain scarcely exists  
here—direct representation in the  
government councils of those finan-  
cially interested in opposing reform.  
Consequently, the day is not far  
distant now when the Colony will have  
its real Children's Charter making the  
protection of the young one of the  
Government's most sacred trusts.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The Canton customs superin-  
tendent's office has been burned  
down.

The share register and transfer  
books of the Hongkong and Wham-  
poa Dock Co., Ltd., will be closed  
from Oct. 1 to 9, inclusive.

Hongkong's rainfall for the 21  
hours ending at 10 a.m. yesterday  
was 0.00 inch. The total since  
January 1 is 60.57 inches against an  
average of 71.74 inches.

The total output of the Kailash  
Mining Administration's mines for  
the week ending September 2, 1922,  
amounted to 73,218 tons and the sales  
during the period to 61,530 tons.

According to a Berlin message  
the Stearns combine is to inaugurate  
a monthly steamship service with  
Ries Asia, calling at Singapore, Hong  
Kong, Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama.  
The first ship will leave Hamburg on  
November 1.

The master of the (Chung Kee  
money changer's shop of No. 81,  
Wuhu Street, Yau-mat, was coming  
to Hongkong at 7.20 p.m., yesterday  
to change 75 silver dollars into bank  
notes, when he was set upon by three  
men who stole his money.

The Hon. C. H. Huxton, Assistant  
Secretary of Commerce of the United  
States, with a party of American  
scientists, is due here on Wednesday,  
on the United States Coast Guard  
Cutter Mojave, and after remaining  
three days in Hongkong, will go to  
Canton.

The return of notifiable  
diseases for the 48 hours ending yes-  
terday, shows one case of plague, and  
one of diphtheria (both in the Victoria  
district), and two cases of enteric  
fever (one in Victoria and one in  
Kowloon). All the patients were  
Chinese.

The officers of the Supreme Court  
are to be open daily from 10 a.m. to  
1 p.m. during the Long Vacation, ex-  
cept on Public and General Holidays,  
when the office will be entirely closed,  
and on Saturdays, when they will be  
open from 10 a.m. to noon. The  
Long Vacation commences on the  
20th instant, and terminates on the  
17th October (both days inclusive).

Arrested on Wednesday last for  
the unlawful possession of 33 tael of  
prepared non Government opium, and  
192 tael of raw opium, found in a  
"in his cabin on board ship by  
Senior Preventive Officer Watt, the  
compradore of the s.s. "Shingming"  
was charged at the Magistracy on  
Saturday and fined \$1,000. The  
opium, which was valued at \$780, was  
confiscated.

H. E. the Officer Administering  
the Government and many prominent  
citizens were present at the memorial  
service for the late Mr. Arnold Hughes,  
headmaster of Ying Wa College, which  
was held in the Rhenish Mission  
Church yesterday afternoon. The  
preacher was the Rev. T. W. Pearce,  
LL.D. who said that the late Mr.  
Hughes had always put more into life  
than he had taken out of it and the  
College was now the poorer for his  
having left it.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Owing to night rains, locusts  
have invaded the district of Lum  
Kuo, causing great damage to crops.

The Earl of Gosford was a pas-  
senger by the "President Cleveland"  
for Shanghai to-day.

General Chen Chiung-ming has  
made the following appointments:—  
General Yin Kuo, Chief of Staff; Chan  
Kwok-lun, Chief Aide-de-Camp; and  
Lin Yin-hong, Brigade Commander.

Three hundred Chinese from  
Holland were repatriated to China by  
the s.s. "Ocekerk," which sailed from  
Amsterdam on August 12, proceed-  
ing via Lisbon, Genoa, Colombo,  
Singapore, Manila to Hongkong.

Four Chinese were fined \$4 each  
by Mr. R. E. Lindsell this morning  
for having exposed their persons  
while bathing in the nullah at the  
back of the Helena May Institute in  
Garden Road. Another man was  
fined the same amount for a similar  
offence in a nullah at Pokfulam.

Scott's Shipbuilding and En-  
gineering Company, Greenock, launch-  
ed on August 8 the steamer "New-  
chang," which they have built for the  
Chinese coasting trade. The vessel  
is 290ft. in length and of about 2,400  
tons gross. Triple expansion of 1,150  
i.h.p. will be supplied by the builders.

"You appear to be very desirous  
of giving us your company in Hong-  
kong," the Chief Justice (Sir William  
Rees Davies K. C.) told a returned  
business at the Criminal Sessions this  
morning "although the police authori-  
ties have shown you on three  
occasions that they do not want you  
here." The sentence imposed was  
three years jail with hard labour.

Paymaster-Lieutenant S. T. Crick-  
ton has been appointed to the gun-  
boat "Bea," on the China Station, as  
secretary's clerk to Rear Admiral  
MacLachlan, commanding the river  
gunboat flotilla on those waters of  
China. Paymaster-Lieutenant Crick-  
ton joined the financial department of  
the Navy in 1915, and reached his  
present rank in 1919. He was latterly  
serving on the "Lucia," depot ship  
of submarines at Devonport.

Lieutenant-General Sir James  
Bevan Edwards, K.C.B., K.C.M.G.,  
of Egerton-crescent, S.W., Colonel-  
Commandant Royal Engineers, Con-  
servative M.P. for Hythe, 1895-9, and  
a former chairman of the Council  
of the Royal Colonial Institute, a  
Crimean and Indian Mutiny veteran,  
who also saw service in China, was in  
command of the military forces in  
Hongkong, and in the Sudan, and who  
died on July 8, aged 87, left estate of  
the gross value of £13,342, with net  
personality £10,416.

The ill-fated "Raleigh," which is  
presently lying on a rock off the coast  
of Labrador, was a sister ship of the  
"Hawkins," flagship of the China  
Station. Her loss is a very severe  
one to the British Navy, which at the  
moment cannot afford to lose such a  
magnificent cruiser. She cost nearly  
a million and three-quarters a year  
ago, her maiden commission being her  
last one also. It is possible that she  
may be replaced by the hurrying up  
of one of her two sister ships awaiting  
completion—the "Eiffel" and the  
"Frobisher."

Madame Pavlova has sailed from  
Southampton in the Canadian Pacific  
Liner "Empress of Scotland" for a  
dancing tour of the Orient. She will  
cross the Pacific from Vancouver in  
the Canadian Pacific liner "Empress  
of Canada." She is going to Tokyo,  
and will also visit Harbin, Peking,  
Hongkong, Shanghai, Manila and  
Java. She is the first famous  
European ballerina to visit these  
places, and her appearance at the  
Japanese Imperial Opera House is  
awaited with great interest. She will  
subsequently tour India, and may  
proceed to Australia before she is seen  
again in Europe.

The "Nagasaki Maru," a twin-  
screw geared turbine steamer of 5,400  
tons, which Messrs. Wm. Denny and  
Brothers, Ltd., Dumbarton, launched  
in March last for the Nippon Yusen  
Kaisha, of Tokyo, is expected to run  
her trials shortly. This vessel and a  
succeeding sister ship—the "Shanghai  
Maru"—are to be 10-knot liners,  
carrying passengers and mails.

They are intended for the  
service between Shanghai and  
Japan, but it is under-  
stood that when completed they will  
each sail from Hamburg to Shanghai  
and Kobe—the first at the beginning  
of November, and the second at the  
beginning of December, if they are  
not delayed in any way. It is ex-  
pected that they will reduce the  
passage to Shanghai to 36 days, and  
that to Kobe to 40 days, thus setting  
up new records for these routes.

## THE BITER BIT.

CHARGE AGAINST LAUNCH  
COXSAIN DISMISSED.POLICE CENSURED FOR "A DANGEROUS  
MANOEUVRE."

The master of the China Mining  
and Metal Coy's steam launch  
"Sibute" was charged before  
the Marine Magistrate (Commander  
C.W. Beckwith) this morning with  
having unlawfully failed to observe  
the rule of the road.

Mr. G. G. N. Tinson, of Messrs  
Johnson Stokes and Master,  
appeared for the defendant  
who pleaded not guilty.  
Evidence was given by Lance Sergeant  
Armit to the effect that on Septem-  
ber 9, at 7 p.m. when he was on patrol  
duty in the harbour he saw the  
"Sibute" crossing the bows of his  
police launch. She was about six feet  
off his port bow. Witness was on his  
beat crossing Blake Pier and going  
from West to East. The "Sibute"  
came up from astern and crossed his  
bow. By that time the police  
launch was going astern. Witness  
hailed the "Sibute" to come along-  
side which she did. A European on  
board said he was in charge of the  
launch.

Corroborative testimony was given  
by the coxswain of the police launch  
and then evidence was given for the  
defence by Mr. Frederick Trowbridge,  
managing director of the China  
Mining and Metal Company.

Mr. Trowbridge said the  
"Sibute" was coming to Blake Pier  
from Stonecutters. When about 150  
yards from Blake Pier he heard the  
"Sibute" give two short blasts. He  
then saw the lights of a launch be-  
tween Bank Street Pier and  
Douglas mooring East and close  
to the Douglas wharf.  
The launch was moving very slowly. The  
"Sibute" crossed the police launch  
when the latter was off Douglas Pier.  
They were a good 50 feet away.  
Witness heard the "Sibute's"  
engines stop and also heard some  
shouting. Then the "Sibute" went  
astern and stopped at the direction  
of the police who came around the  
"Sibute's" stern and alongside  
her port side. The "Sibute"  
was then well outside Blake  
Pier and the Sergeant came  
alongside and asked the witness—  
rather unconvincingly he thought—why  
he had crossed the police launch. Wit-  
ness then gave the Sergeant his name.

After hearing Mr. Tinson who asked  
that the police version should be  
altogether disbelieved the Marine  
Magistrate said: "In this case, owing  
to the close proximity of both  
launches to the Blake Pier, which is  
a converging point for  
a number of launches making  
or leaving the landing, it is impos-  
sible to lay down hard and fast rules  
for navigation within this busy  
area. But I think the action of the  
police launch in going hard-a-port  
and at the speed given—three-quarter  
speed (about 8 knots)—when within  
20 feet of Blake Pier, was a dangerous  
manoeuvre and liable to cause a  
collision with launches coming up  
astern or those leaving the West side  
of Blake Pier. So I dismiss the case  
against the defendant."

## ROBBERY THWARTED.

## ARMED MAN SENTENCED.

As was reported on Saturday, an  
armed robbery at Taihang was  
thwarted by Sub-Inspector Shaftain  
and some detectives on Friday night,  
and as the result of a smart piece of  
work, one of three alleged  
armed robbers was arrested.  
This man who put up a stiff  
fight against the police, was dressed  
like an electric fitter, and a fully load-  
ed revolver was revealed hidden in  
the crown of his large khaki sunhat  
when it fell off in the course of the  
struggle.

On Saturday, the man was charged  
before two Magistrates (Messrs. Lind-  
sell and Ainsworth), with the unlawful  
possession of the weapon without a  
permit.

He pleaded guilty and said he was  
carrying it for a friend.

The Magistrate passed sentence of  
two years' hard labour.

## COQUEISM B.C.

"Coqueism," according to a well-  
known Baptist missionary in China,  
was practised five hundred years be-  
fore the birth of Christ. For in the  
Confucian classic (500 B.C.) occurs the  
following: "On the bathing tub of  
Tang these words were engraved:  
"If to-day you can renovate your-  
self."

Then it is day by day,  
Yee, let it be daily renovation."  
"It is a triple sentence in the  
original," says the Morning Post.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

HAPPY VALLEY TRAMWAY  
SERVICE.

[To the Editor of the "China Mail,"]

Sir,—May I encroach on the  
columns of your popular and widely  
read paper on a subject of public  
utility and importance?

Ever since I and my family escaped  
the noisy and overcrowded centre of  
the city of Victoria and established  
my home permanently at one end of  
the Happy Valley, I have watched  
closely and with keen interest the  
rapid development and ever increas-  
ing growth of the number of the  
population in this part of the Colony,  
which may well be called one of the  
finest residential suburbs of this small  
island of Hongkong.

Houses both along the hillsides and  
on the ridge known as Broadwood  
Road have, with thanks and credit  
due to certain enterprising financiers  
and the Government, sprung up as if  
by magic in a comparatively short  
space of time. The development, I  
am told, should have been greater  
than what it now is, were means of  
communication by both tram and  
vehicles driven by man power more  
easily and conveniently provided.

This has unfortunately given cause to  
certain intending builders to hesitate  
the commencement of certain building  
operations in the vicinity of and  
around the Wong Nai Chong village.  
Although times have somewhat  
changed on a large scale, and although  
the Government, having wisely fore-  
seen the approaching usefulness and  
prosperity of this, once a remote part  
of the Colony, contemplate the con-  
struction of motor roads above the  
valley as well as replacing the lately  
inadequate sewage drains with the  
larger and new ones, yet the Company  
that derives the benefit and reaps the  
revenue for running electric tramcars  
has, alas, done practically nothing,  
save providing only a ten or twelve  
minutes service traversing on the one  
side of the Race Course densely  
occupied by graves of departed resi-  
dents and stopping daily at the some-  
what early hour of 8.15 p.m.

Residents at the foot of Broadwood  
hill, of whom a large number are  
Government Civil servants, have to  
walk in hot, wet and even occasionally  
stormy weather a long distance either  
to the terminus or the monument,  
before they, their wives and small  
kids can board an outgoing car.  
It is needless for me to say that  
some folk, after a day's strenuous  
work, hate to walk home the distance  
of at least a mile from the halting  
place of a tram car, but as things are,  
they are put to this inconvenience,  
however much grumbling they may  
have amongst themselves.

A Government servant whom I hap-  
pen to know has, in conversation  
blamed the Tramway Company for  
not providing a more adequate and  
efficient service, in spite of the fact  
that they are having good returns for  
their capital and outlay.

This Government employee has  
gone as far as to tell me that he and  
certain of his colleagues would have  
yelled out their complaints in the  
press long ago, had not certain Govern-  
ment orders prevented them from  
writing to the newspapers.

What most of the residents here,  
who can ill afford the luxury of  
automobiles, want are:—

1. That a five minutes tramcar  
service instead of the existing five  
some one should be immediately put  
on.

2. That the service should only  
stop in the evening at the hour of  
9.30 p.m. or 10 p.m. instead of the  
early hour at present fixed so as to  
enable folks to get an after dinner  
tram service.

3. That more rails should be put on  
the present track to enable two cars  
to pass one another and a new track  
should be at once laid on the Broad-  
wood Terrace side, passing all the  
European residential quarters with  
convenient halting points and linking  
up the trunk lines on the sea front  
either along the Bowington Canal or  
some other similarly wide street.

In asking you to publish this letter  
I may assure you that I am voicing  
the sentiments of the majority of the  
residents here, and I earnestly appeal  
to the company, having this monopoly,  
to make early arrangements for the  
provision of an all-round, faster and  
more efficient service, which will, if  
not at the present moment but on a  
not far off day, repay them in the  
way of fares.

Should the Hongkong Electric  
Tramways Company let my appeal  
pass without taking steps to meet the  
people's complaints, I suggest that  
our able and popular Colonial Secre-  
tary should bring pressure on them to  
fulfil their duties.

In conclusion I invite other re-  
sidents of the valley to continue this  
correspondence and about out their  
grievance till they do get what they  
are entitled to.

Thanking you for the space for this  
insertion, and apologizing my car.

Yours, etc.,

FATHER OF A LARGE FAMILY.  
Hongkong, September 16.

## ALLEGED EMBEZZLEMENT.

EMPLOYEE OR PARTNER?

A *fet* of the Hongkong Tailoring  
Company, was charged before Mr.  
R. E. Lindsell this morning, with the  
embezzlement of \$81.90 said to have  
been collected by him on behalf of  
the firm.

Mr. A. E. Hall, who appeared for  
the prosecution, said that \$23.90 was  
found on the defendant when he was  
arrested, so that the actual amount  
he had to answer for was \$58,  
although technically he was guilty of  
embezzlement of the whole amount.

Mr. H. K. Woo, for the defence,  
said that his instructions were that  
the case was purely a question of  
partnership.

Mr. Hall: My instructions are  
different.

Mr. Woo, in applying for  
a remand said: "Bail in the  
sum of \$200 had been fixed by the  
Inspector."

Magistrate (promptly): That is  
also the bail fixed by me.

The case was accordingly remanded.

## \$1,000 BAIL CASE.

A *fet* of the Wah Hing Import and  
Export Company, of No. 76, Des  
Vieux Road Central, was charged be-  
fore Mr. R. E. Lindsell this morning,  
on two counts of embezzlement of  
\$720 and \$161.40, respectively, be-  
tween May 5 and August 30 last.

Mr. H. L. Denny appeared for the  
Company and Mr. H. C. Lee for the  
defendant.

A remand was given, bail being fixed  
in the sum of \$1,000.

## A FALSE NOTE.

CHINESE CLERK CHARGED.

A young Chinese clerk named Wong  
Ho Choy, who was formerly employed  
by the Dragon Motor Car Company,  
was presented before the Chief Justice  
(Sir William Rees Davies, K.C.) and a  
jury at the Criminal Sessions this  
morning on indictments concerning  
the alleged uttering and possession of  
a forged \$100 note.

The Attorney General (the Hon. Mr.  
J. H. Kemp K.C.) prosecuted for the  
Crown. The accused was undefended.

According to the evidence the note  
forming the subject of the charge  
was a genuine \$5 note issued by the  
Chartered Bank which had been very  
cleverly altered to resemble a \$100  
note. On June 19 the prisoner was  
with some friends at a restaurant in  
Yau-mat. The room was engaged in  
his name. When the time came to  
pay up one of the prisoner's friends  
tendered the note but the accountant  
was suspicious and would not take it.

The prisoner then took the note and  
kept it and his friend paid the bill with  
good notes. Next day the prisoner  
was seen showing a \$100 note to some  
of the clerks in the Dragon Company's  
office. The note next turned up in a  
Yau-mat brothel. The prisoner asked  
a girl if she could change it and when  
she said that she could not he told  
her it was forged. He was arrested  
on July 12 and denied that the note  
was his.

The explanation offered by the  
prisoner was that the note was such  
a clever forgery that he persuaded his  
friend to give it to him in  
order that he might show it to other  
people as an object lesson. He said  
that was why he produced it to the  
girl in the Yau-mat brothel.

Not convinced, the jury, after a  
few minutes deliberation, returned a  
verdict of guilty and the prisoner was  
sentenced to seven years' imprison-  
ment.

## ARMED ROBBERY.

CUNNING LINE OF ESCAPE.

Three armed robbers entered No.  
466, Reclamation Street, Yau-mat,  
at 2 a.m., yesterday and stole jewell-  
ery worth \$41 from a Chinese woman  
while she was asleep in her cubicle.  
When the woman was aroused,  
one of the men pressed her down  
and pointed a dagger at her  
heart. After securing the cubicle  
door on the outside, the intruders  
dashed into the kitchen where they  
gained a lane at the back of the house  
by sliding down a bamboo pole which  
had been placed against the window.  
The woman gave the alarm and other  
inmates of the house rushed to the  
kitchen just in time to see the robbers  
disappear into the gloom. When the  
police arrived, a thorough search of the  
lane was made but the men could  
not be found.

Treatment for Dysentery  
Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and  
Diarrhoea Remedy will cure the most  
cases of dysentery. It is a really  
good for summer diarrhoea, etc.  
For sale by all Chemists and  
keepers.



## AQUATICS.

## LUSITANO RECREATION CLUB.

## SATURDAY'S MEETING.

The Lusitano Recreation Club held its second annual aquatic sports meeting in the Y.R.C. bath on Saturday afternoon. There was a large gathering of interested spectators, and all the events attracted large numbers of competitors, with the result that many exciting heats and finals were witnessed. The 100 yard race for the Club championship provided a very close and exciting finish, with F. M. Roza Pereira just managing to get home. The "Daydream" string band provided some delightful music during the afternoon. Tea was served in the Hall of the Y.R.C. during the interval. Madame Correira de Albuquerque e Castro, wife of the Consul General for Portugal, distributed the prize at the conclusion.

## RESULTS.

Following are the results:—  
Two Lengths Hurdle Handicap.—1, R. E. Hyndman (rec. 8 secs.); 2, G. A. Pinna (rec. 7 secs.); Times: 38 secs.  
Two Lengths Handicap.—1, G. A. Pinna (rec. 6 secs.); 2, C. Roza Pereira (rec. 5 secs.); Time: 31.3-5 secs.  
One Length Handicap. (Girls under 14 years of age).—1, B. Barros; 2, I. Xavier. Time: 22 secs.  
One Length Handicap. (Boys under 12 years of age).—1, H. Remedios; 2, F. Sequeira.  
Running Header from Spring Board.—1, F. M. Roza Pereira; 2, A. A. R. Botelho.  
Two Lengths Handicap (Ladies).—1, Miss A. Roza; 2, Miss B. Xavier.  
100 Yards Club Championship.—1, F. M. Roza Pereira; 2, A. A. R. Botelho. Time: 66 secs.  
Long Plunge.—1, L. C. R. Souza; 2, R. Soares. Distance: 56 feet.  
One Length Buoy Race.—1, J. R. Soares; 2, A. A. Botelho.  
Two Lengths Handicap (Boys 12 to 16 years of age).—1, C. Barreto; 2, G. Noronha. Time: 35 secs.  
Four Lengths Handicap (Variety Stroke).—1, S. A. Marcal (rec. 7 secs.); 2, A. V. Barros (rec. 6 secs.); Time: 1 min. 23 secs.  
Ladies' Nomination Race.—1, Miss A. Soares and J. L. Soares; 2, Miss A. Carvalho and H. J. Silva.  
Team Race.—1, A. A. Botelho's team.  
Consolation Race (Two Lengths).—1, E. Sousa. Time: 33.25 secs.  
Water Polo.—S. Marcal's team ("the Whites") defeated G. A. Carvalho's team ("the Blues") by five goals to one.

The following were the officials:—  
Judges.—Messrs. A. F. B. Silva Netto, E. V. M. R. Souza, Leo d'Almeida, J. D. Osmond, P. V. Botelho, and A. M. L. Soares.  
Time keepers.—Messrs. C. M. S. Alves and A. A. Alves.  
Steward.—Mr. A. J. V. Ribeiro.  
Referee.—Mr. A. A. Alves.  
Secretary.—Mr. M. F. Baptista.

## LATEST SHIPPING NEWS.

## ARRIVALS.

Foehsing, (J. M. & Co.) from Canton.—B 7.  
Haitan, (Man Wing) from Haiphong, Hoibow.—C 21.  
Yuen Sang, (J. M. & Co.) from Manila.—C 32.  
Passat, (Kaiyu) from Canton.—C 20.  
Haidis, (Wo Fat Sing) from Saigon.—C 18.  
Hailong, (Douglas) from Fochow, Swatow.—Co's Wharf.  
Hopang, (J. M. & Co.) from Teing-tao Swatow.—Co's Wharf.  
Kwangtuh, (O.M.S.N.) from Shang-hai.—Co's Wharf.  
Peking Maru, (O.S.K.) from Calcutta Singapore.—Kowloon Wharf.  
Hanoi, (Lapique) from Haiphong, Kwong Chow Wan.—19.  
Chip Shing, (J. M. & Co.) from Tientsin, Weibaiwei.—C 33.  
Jade, (Kai Yu) from Haiphong, Pakhoi.—B 23.  
Tango Maru, (N.Y.K.) from Yokohama, Nagasaki.—Kowloon Wharf.

## DEPARTURES.

Helios, (Kung Chung) for Canton.—September 18.  
Ginyo Maru, (T. K. K.) for Valparaiso, Hoiho.—September 18.  
Fradit Cleveland, (Pacific Mail) for San Francisco, Shanghai.—September 18.  
Asama Maru, (O. S. K.) for Takao.—September 18.  
Hydranges, (Chin On) for Swatow.—September 18.  
Peking Maru, (O.S.K.) for Kobe.—September 18.  
Glenalloch, (Seng Soon Hong) for Penang, Singapore.—September 18.  
Tango Maru, (N.Y.K.) for Melbourne, Manila.—September 19.  
Egra, (B.I.S.N.) for Singapore.—September 19.  
Hailong, (Douglas) for Fochow, Swatow.—September 19.  
Haimun, (Po Shun) for Haiphong, Hoibow.—September 19.  
Kwangtuh, (O.M.S.N.) for S'hai.—September 19.

## SPORT.

## LAWN BOWLS.

## END OF SEASON RESULTS.

Ardent bowlers are a little sad. Their season is over. Instead of the white jack the cricket ball will roll now and instead of cries of "Be up!" there will be yells of "shoot! shoot!" Our pageant of the seasons is marked less by the falling leaf than by a change of game.

The final match of the Bowls League was played by Kowloon C.C. and the Civil Service, Kowloon, winning by 15 points.

## Scores:

| K.C.C.       | C.S.C.C.     |
|--------------|--------------|
| Hunt         | Hall         |
| Brown        | Loug         |
| Robinson     | Sullivan     |
| Pile         | Stanley      |
| (Skip)....15 | (Skip)....25 |
| Nicholls     | Massey       |
| Overy        | Oswick       |
| Hyde         | Tacchi       |
| Jack         | Allan        |
| (Skip)....30 | (Skip)....6  |
| Thompson     | Sandford     |
| Cornley      | Drakin       |
| Stevens      | Hill         |
| Gibson       | Fincher      |
| (Skip)....17 | (Skip)....16 |
| Total....62  | Total....47  |

By giving two points for each win and one for each tie, local fashion, the League Table stands as follows:

| P. W. L. T. Pts.             |
|------------------------------|
| Kowloon Bowling              |
| Green.....12 9 2 1 19        |
| Taikoo (1).....12 9 3 0 18   |
| Taikoo (2).....12 9 3 0 18   |
| P. R. Club.....12 5 7 0 10   |
| K. C. Club.....12 4 8 0 8    |
| Civil Service.....12 3 9 0 6 |
| Craigengower.....12 2 9 1 5  |

If the fashion of the London Lawn Bowls League had been followed, the order would have been slightly varied, as follows. The London League subtracts the losing scores from the winning scores, and the highest number of points "up" indicates the winner. This would make our League table as follows:

| P. W. L. T. Pts.                      |
|---------------------------------------|
| K.B.G. ....12 9 2 857 616 241         |
| Taikoo (1).....12 9 3 780 601 119     |
| Taikoo (2).....12 9 3 747 639 108     |
| K.C.C. ....12 4 8 671 734 — 63        |
| Police R.C. ....12 5 7 680 760 — 80   |
| Civil Service 12 3 9 693 786 — 163    |
| Craigengower.....12 2 9 615 787 — 172 |

## EASMA'S FIRST VICTORY.

The first of a series of friendly bowls matches which have been arranged between the Easma Club and the bowling teams of several of the Colony's sports clubs, was played off on the Craigengower green on Saturday, when the victors won by 12 heads. Two rinks were played, and the players were:—

## 1st RINK.

Craigengower.—Omar (skip.), Grimes (3), MacFarlane (2), Green (1).  
Easma.—Meir (skip.), Smith (3), Casio (2), Korgan (1).

## 2nd RINK.

Craigengower.—Rose (skip.), Macintosh (3), I-mall (2), Jenkins (1).  
Easma.—Kelly (skip.), Reid (3), Clark (2), McLellan (1).

Meir's rink led all the way and scored 25 to Omar's 15. On the other rink, the game was more even and Kelly's quartette won by the narrow margin of 21 to 19.

## LAWN TENNIS.

## GARRISON LEAGUE.

Three matches in the Garrison Lawn Tennis League were played off during the week. The R.E. "A" team which is at the top of the league table, figured in two of these matches, and winning them both, they are now leading the second team comfortably by 4 points.

Briefly, the results were:—  
R.E. "A" beat R.A.M.C. 63 games to 18 (first match) and 58 games to 23 (second match).  
R.A.O.C. beat Small Units 48 games to 33.

## LEAGUE TABLE.

| (To Date.)       | P. | W. | L. | Pts. |
|------------------|----|----|----|------|
| "A" .....        | 11 | 11 | 0  | 11   |
| "B" .....        | 10 | 7  | 3  | 7    |
| O.C. ....        | 8  | 6  | 2  | 6    |
| Co., R.G.A. .... | 10 | 3  | 7  | 3    |
| I.C. ....        | 7  | 2  | 5  | 2    |
| Units.....       | 9  | 2  | 7  | 2    |
| .....            | 7  | 0  | 7  | 0    |

GARRISON CHALLENGE DOUBLES.  
Twenty-four entries have been received and the tournament will be played during the first week in October.

## GOLF CLOTHES.

## AN AMERICAN EXAMPLE.

Fonthill Bookford writes in the Daily Mail:

Why is it that the average golfer considers any kind of old clothes suitable for the Royal and Ancient game? Is it that men feel ill at ease and "all dressed up" in new clothes? It is a good argument but does not warrant of garments that are shabby or not of the right kind. Recently at the golf championship at Sandwich I heard many comments on the neat, workmanlike appearance of the Americans; this in itself emphasised the need there is for Englishmen paying a little more attention to the clothes they wear on the links. New golfing kit is certainly an abomination. I know many men who get somebody to wear their new clothes until the newness has disappeared.

Now the right kind of clothes are simple and inexpensive consisting of sports jacket and "Plus Four" knickers. The latter are not recommended for the man who has short legs—trousers matching the jacket are better.

Golf jackets have shown a decided return towards plainness during the past six months. The days of the tucked, pleated, belted backs are numbered. The sack jacket with a plain back, made roomy, has supplanted the decorated affairs which had become absurdly exaggerated. At the same time for the man who likes a loose jacket there is a shoddy which has three or four small cuts at the waistline on either side of the centre seam. This innovation gives width above and below the hips.

Then there is the jacket which has side pleats running from the top of the shoulder to just beneath the arm. This is a good idea for the man who wants more than the usual amount of expansion. The front of the golf jacket should be plain, three buttons and single-breasted lapels. There may be an outside breast pocket, and two pockets in the skirt which may or may not have flaps. If the latter are chosen, then the patch knit is best. Bone buttons are recommended in preference to knatter.

"Plus Fours," which are increasingly popular, should have a band at the waist and two pleats on either side. Aiding fullness and drape to the leg, which should be very wide and loose. Personally I find that a three-inch band buttoned at the knee is preferable to the strap and buckle. On the other hand, there is a band finished with a buckle and strap which is very useful, as one can let the band in or out as the weather dictates.

Recently I saw a very novel plus four knicker suitable for hot weather play. To describe, I would say: that it was a pair of knickers not quite so long as usual, with a loose lining which was 2 or 3 inches shorter than the knicker. This made the outside drape like the ordinary plus four, and it had the advantage of allowing a current of air to pass through.

Materials suitable for golfing clothes are legion in colouring and quality. I recommend Shetlands, home-spuns, Harris tweeds, and Lovatts. The latter are very popular with the younger members of the Royal Family. Marl pattern tweeds are the vogue of the moment, and can be had in the most delightful colour combinations of brown and white, grey and white, green and white, and black and white, or, again, with black or brown substituted for the white. At Portmouth recently nearly every naval man I met seemed to be wearing a country suit of marl design tweeds. Diamond patterned Shetlands are excellent, and can be had in almost any colouring. Large checks on self colour grounds are best worn by tall men.

I hear the newest idea is to have plus fours of Glenurquhart, Glen, or District checks, the jacket to be of self colour corresponding to the most prominent shade in the check. This is a bold innovation, but has the advantage that a man could wear almost any jacket with such a pair of knickers.

During the championship week at Sandwich a new knitted material was launched, made from Shetland wool in heather, natural, and grey shades. Golfers I questioned spoke very highly of this suiting, stating that it was just what was wanted for the English climate, being light in weight, yet warm, and that no amount of wear in wet weather or hucking about would make it look shabby.

TYPHON SIGNAL.  
The local No. 1 typhoon signal was hoisted this morning in addition to the red cone which had been up since yesterday. The last direction given was 170 miles away 118, becoming severe.

## TWO MORE MOTOR ACCIDENTS.

## THE NUMBER KEEPS INCREASING.

A stoncenter is now in the hospital suffering from injuries received through being knocked down at Quarry Point on Sunday afternoon by motor-car No. 882, owned by Mr. D. J. Hill of No. 4, Taikoo Terrace.

Another Chinese, the master of the Shun Hing pa nter's shop of Chui Lung Street, was admitted to the Kwong Wah Hospital yesterday suffering from injuries to the head caused through being knocked down by motor-car No. 214 in Nathan Road, Kowloon.

## PASTEBORD SOLDIERS.

## CURIOUS GERMAN EXHIBITION.

A curious exhibition of little pastebord soldiers which has been opened at Strasburg owes its existence to a hobby which has been handed on from father to son in many Strasburg families since the beginning of the nineteenth century. Almost every old family there has its collection of painted soldiers, all of which accurately represent uniforms worn by French and other armies with whom they have come in contact. One collection in Napoleon's time Strasburgers first began to take accurate notes of all the uniforms worn by the French army, and later their descendants began to cut out and paint these miniature armies with such care that all changes of uniform down to the present day have been faithfully recorded. One of the best collections is of 24,000 figures representing every type in Napoleon's army, with the complete headquarters staff. One collector has specialised on types of the Crimean war, and has 12,000 figures, representing all the armies engaged in it.

AVIATION PROGRESS.  
SUCCESSFUL FLYING BOAT SERVICE.

Acromarine Airways America's oldest and principal air transport enterprise, in their second semi-annual report of flying operations promulgate the fact that 735 separate flights were made by their flying boats, representing a total of 268,535 passenger miles, and that not a single passenger or employee was injured. The aggregate distance covered was over 150,000 miles and the number of passengers carried was 10,700. This record, when placed alongside that made during the preceding period of six months, which was equally devoid of casualties of any kind, is the best demonstration of the safety which can be achieved in modern air transport by airworthy material and capable personnel. The sphere of operations of the above-mentioned company is along the coast of Florida and the neighbourhood of the adjoining islands and is the rendezvous of great numbers of American holiday-makers.

## SKY WRITING.

## NOVEL NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING.

A novel new paper advertising stunt has been attracting London crowds and giving them the aviation perk as they watched an aeroplane high in the sky write with a stream of white smoke the letters, Daily Mail. The stunt was first tried on Derby day when betting on the big race was active.

The machine was easily 10,000 feet in the air, where there was no wind. When the word Daily had been written and the aviator was manoeuvring to begin a new word the bookmaker asked what odds people would lay as to which one of half a dozen newspapers would be named. The smoke hung against the blue background and the letters were distinct for some time. The plane carried a smoke generator and powerful ejector, which forced jets of smoke in the trail of the machine as it climbed up and down in the air. It was estimated the space occupied by Daily Mail in the sky was more than three times wide.

The China Specie Bank is moving into its new premises at No. 6 Duddell Street next Monday.

## STREET CHASE.

## INDIAN CONSTABLE CAPTURES SNATCHER.

Flag Lieut. S. T. Tsu of the Chinese Navy, who was a visitor here during the week-end, had his wallet containing \$100 snatched from his pocket while walking in Connaught Road Central at 11.15 yesterday morning. An Indian Constable chased the thief, caught him and recovered the wallet.

When the thief was produced before Mr. T. W. Ainsworth this morning, it was no longer the Naval officer and returned to Canton by the night boat.

After the constable's evidence had been heard, defendant was sentenced to one month's hard labour.

## TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Share Register and Transfer Books of the Company, will be closed from the 2nd to the 9th October, 1922, both days inclusive.

Warrants for the Interim Dividend can be obtained at the Office of the Company, 2 Queen's Buildings, Hongkong, on and after the 11th October next.

By Order of the Board,  
H. M. DYER,  
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, September 18, 1922.

## VICTORIA DIOCESAN ASSOCIATION.

A Piano Recital will be given at Government House, in aid of the "Nanning" Fund by Mr. Eric Rice, in the Ball Room on Thursday October 5th at 9.15 p.m. Vocalist: Mrs. Gandy. Tickets \$3.00, obtainable from Mrs. Severn, Government House, The Anderson Music Company, Beaconsfield Arcade, Hongkong, September 18, 1922.

## NOTICE.

THE CHINA SPECIE BANK, LTD. will remove to its new premises No. 6 Duddell Street on MONDAY, 25th September, 1922.

CHINA SPECIE BANK, LTD  
Hongkong, September 18, 1922.

## P. &amp; O. S. N. CO.

STEAMERS FOR STRAITS, COLOMBO, AUSTRALIA, BOMBAY, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS & LONDON.

Through Bills of Lading issued for Batavia, Persian Gulf, Continental, American and South African Ports.

THE Steamship "SOUDAN" Captain R. M. Collyer, R.N.R. carrying His Majesty's Mail, will be despatched from this Port on or about SUNDAY, 24th September, 1922, at Noon, taking Passengers and Cargo for the above Ports.

Silk and Valuable and Tea for Italy, France and London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Bombay into the Mail Steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London.

Parcels will be received at this Office until Noon, the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages are required.

For further particulars apply to—  
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.  
Hongkong, Sept. 18, 1922.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20, 1922, commencing at 11 a.m. at the Hon Shan Godown, Kennedy Toward

(For account of the Consignor), 1000 Boxes American Tins, each 112 sheets, 14" x 20"

Terms:—Cash on delivery.

LAMBERT BROS., Auctioneers  
Hongkong, September 18, 1922.

## TO SECRETARIES OF CLUBS AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS.

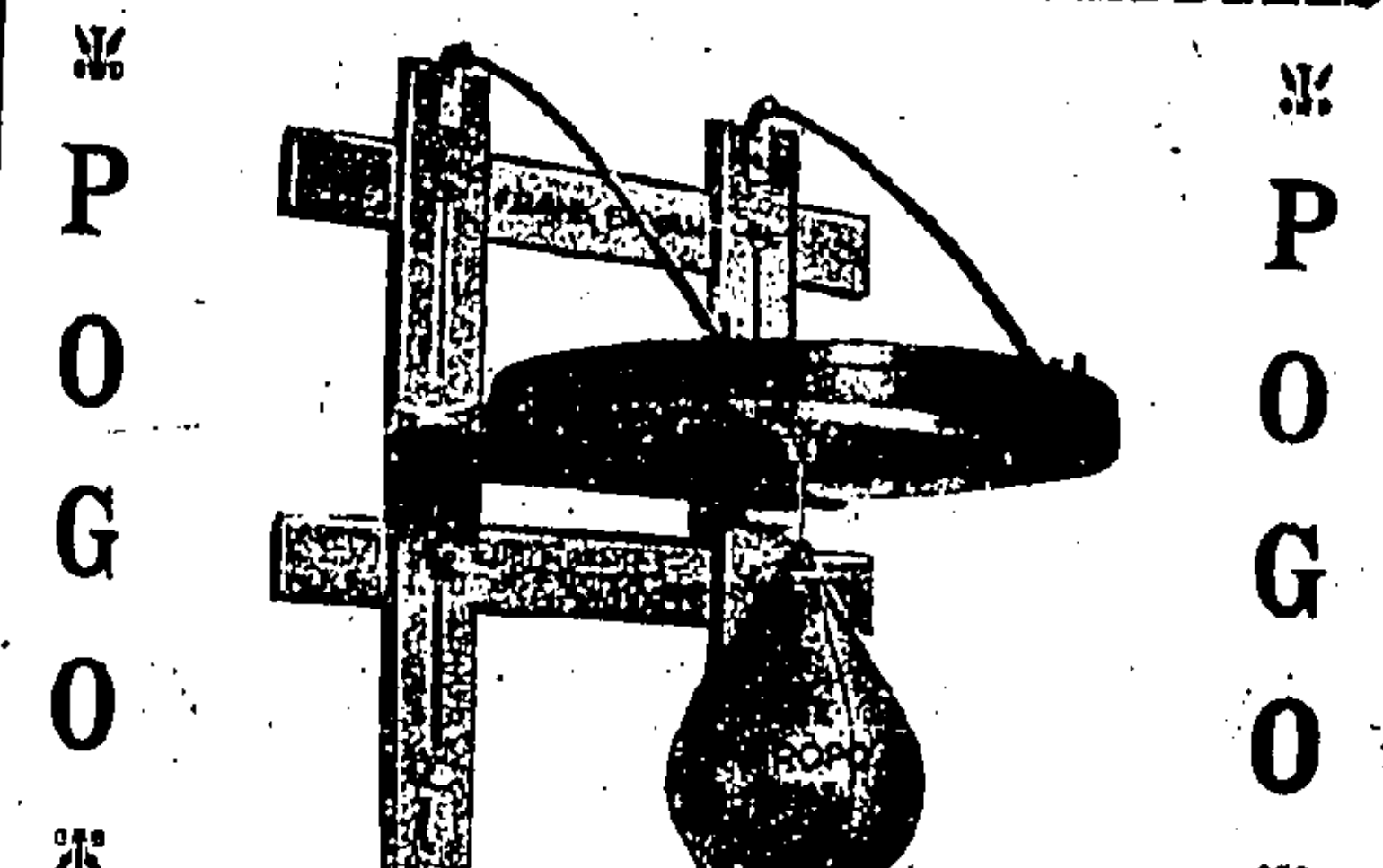
ALL preliminary notices of forthcoming meetings, lectures and entertainments, sent for insertion in the news columns of the CHINA MAIL are charged for at the rate of \$1 each (as announced in May and June of last year) providing that they do not occupy more than four lines. In future if this space is exceeded they will be placed in the advertising columns at the prevailing rates.

## NOTICES.

## YOU MUST EXERCISE.

## KEEP FAT BY USING

## SANDOW'S DEVELOPERS &amp; DUMBBELLS



## PUNCHING BAGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

## — IN STOCK —

PHONE 1741 SPORTS DEPT. 186 FLOOR  
LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

## 4 POPULAR DANCE RECORDS

- 3647 SUNSHINE ALLEY CUE LITTLE LOVE NEST
- 3648 ITS UP TO YOU NEATH THE SOUTH SEA MOON
- 3649 DEEDLE DEEDLE DUM... I'M WILD ABOUT HARRY
- 3654 DANCING FOOT... SERENADE BLUES

## AT ANDERSON'S

## THE BLUE BIRD CO.

## ICE CREAM PARLOUR

## and GUNNY STORE

No. 16A Des Vaux Road, Central.  
(Opposite to A. S. Watson Dispensary).

- Apple Juice ..... 25 Cents per bottle
- Sago Milk ..... 20 Cents per tin
- Carnation Milk ..... 10 Cents per small tin

Large quantity of Biscuits in stock.  
American Pine Nuts are coming again.

## Sole Agents:—

## Suzuki &amp; Co.

## SAKURA BEER

Alexandra Buildings.  
Tel. Central 468 & 467.

## DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO., LTD

## (THE EUROPEAN GARAGE)

## Open and Closed

## CARS FOR HIRE

el. Cen. 483 In Hongkong and Kowloon. Tel. Cen. 482  
3552

## "KING GEORGE IV." WHISKY

## THE TOP NOTCH

## OF SCOTCH.

## RIPE IN YEARS

## RARE IN QUALITY.

## The Distillers Company.

## Limited.

## Edinburgh.

## SOLE AGENTS:—

## GANDE, PRICE &amp; CO., LTD.

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS.  
Tel. Central No. 182. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL, HONGKONG.



## SHIPPING

## HONGKONG, CANTON &amp; MACAO STEAMERS.

INT. SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

## HONGKONG-CANTON LINE

Sailings:—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. and 10 p.m. (Sundays 10 p.m. only).  
From Canton daily at 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. (Sundays 6 p.m. only).

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

## HONGKONG-MACAO LINE

Sailings:—To Macao—Daily at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. (Sundays at 9 a.m. only).  
From Macao—Daily at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. (Sundays at 9 p.m. only).

Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, 44 Des Voeux Road Central, Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son, or the American Express Company, Hongkong.

## DODWELL &amp; COMPANY, LTD.

NEW YORK BERTH  
FOR NEW YORK AND BOSTON

## LLOYD TRIESTINO

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING  
FOR LEVANT, BLACK SEA & DANUBE PORTS

PIUMES having been re-opened for traffic, cargo is also accepted for this port on through Bills of Lading.

## FOR SHANGHAI.

S.S. "TRIESTE" ..... Sailing on or about 24th Oct.

FOR BRINDISI, VENICE, AND TRIESTE.

S.S. "PERSIA" ..... Sailing on or about 13rd Sept.  
S.S. "TRIESTE" ..... Sailing on or about 2nd Oct.  
Passengers' Luggage can be insured at the office of the Agents.

## NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service

FROM CALCUTTA TO  
SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

S.S. "OMLAZI" ..... Sailing on or about 31st October.

Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines apply to—

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

## OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON ANTWERP & HAMBURG, MARSEILLES—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.  
LONDON MARU ..... Wednesday, 20th Sept.

B KNOX ARIES—Rice, Japan, India, Mauritius, Durban & Cape Town via Singapore.  
Passenger Service.  
TACUMA MARU ..... Tuesday, 19th Sept.

COCHIN & COLOMBO—Regular fortnightly service via SINGAPORE.  
RUBINA MARU ..... Monday, 25th Sept.

DELTA & BANGKOK VIA SAIGON & SINGAPORE—Regular Monthly PASSENGER SERVICE.

TO LUTTA—Fortnightly service via Singapore, Hongkong, Saigon, Manila, and Yokohama.  
Saturday, 30th Sept.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE & TACOMA—Via Shanghai and Port Said.  
Taking cargo to OVERLAND PORTS U.S.A. Canada. Passenger Service.  
ALABAMA MARU ..... Friday, 29th Sept.

NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.  
HAVRE MARU ..... Tuesday, 10th Oct.

NEW ORLEANS VIA SUZUKI.

JAPAN PORTS—Kobe & Osaka.  
Peking Maru ..... Monday, 18th Sept.

ALPS MARU ..... Friday, 14th Sept.

SHANGHAI VIA SWATOW & AMOY. These steamers have excellent accommodation for first and second class passengers.  
KIAO MARU ..... Every Sunday.

and AMARUSA MARU ..... Every Sunday.

SAKAO VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.

SOSHU MARU ..... Thursday, 21st Sept.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—

Y. YASUDA, Manager,  
No. 1, Queen's Building,  
Tel. Central No. 4099.

## BOSTON &amp; NEW YORK

JOINT SERVICE OF THE

## "BLUE FUNNEL" LINE

(OCEAN S.S. CO., LD. & CHINA MUTUAL S.S. CO., LD.)

## AMERICAN &amp; MANCHURIAN LINE

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LD.)

## SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG

S.S. "CITY OF LINCOLN" ..... via Suez Canal ..... 15th Sept.  
S.S. "PELUS" ..... via Suez Canal ..... 18th Oct.  
S.S. "CITY OF MELBOURNE" ..... via Suez Canal ..... 16th Oct.  
S.S. "AGAMEMNON" ..... via Suez Canal ..... 20th Oct.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' Option.

Subject to change without notice.

For freight and particulars apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, OF THE BANK LINE, LD., HONGKONG

(JOHN SWIRE & SONS, LTD.)

HONGKONG & CANTON REISS & CO., CANTON.

## THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

REPAIRS AND REPAIRS, BUILT IN 1893, 1895, 1897, 1899, 1901, 1903, 1905, 1907, 1909, 1911, 1913, 1915, 1917, 1919, 1921, 1923, 1925, 1927, 1929, 1931, 1933, 1935, 1937, 1939, 1941, 1943, 1945, 1947, 1949, 1951, 1953, 1955, 1957, 1959, 1961, 1963, 1965, 1967, 1969, 1971, 1973, 1975, 1977, 1979, 1981, 1983, 1985, 1987, 1989, 1991, 1993, 1995, 1997, 1999, 2001, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, 2017, 2019, 2021, 2023, 2025, 2027, 2029, 2031, 2033, 2035, 2037, 2039, 2041, 2043, 2045, 2047, 2049, 2051, 2053, 2055, 2057, 2059, 2061, 2063, 2065, 2067, 2069, 2071, 2073, 2075, 2077, 2079, 2081, 2083, 2085, 2087, 2089, 2091, 2093, 2095, 2097, 2099, 2101, 2103, 2105, 2107, 2109, 2111, 2113, 2115, 2117, 2119, 2121, 2123, 2125, 2127, 2129, 2131, 2133, 2135, 2137, 2139, 2141, 2143, 2145, 2147, 2149, 2151, 2153, 2155, 2157, 2159, 2161, 2163, 2165, 2167, 2169, 2171, 2173, 2175, 2177, 2179, 2181, 2183, 2185, 2187, 2189, 2191, 2193, 2195, 2197, 2199, 2201, 2203, 2205, 2207, 2209, 2211, 2213, 2215, 2217, 2219, 2221, 2223, 2225, 2227, 2229, 2231, 2233, 2235, 2237, 2239, 2241, 2243, 2245, 2247, 2249, 2251, 2253, 2255, 2257, 2259, 2261, 2263, 2265, 2267, 2269, 2271, 2273, 2275, 2277, 2279, 2281, 2283, 2285, 2287, 2289, 2291, 2293, 2295, 2297, 2299, 2301, 2303, 2305, 2307, 2309, 2311, 2313, 2315, 2317, 2319, 2321, 2323, 2325, 2327, 2329, 2331, 2333, 2335, 2337, 2339, 2341, 2343, 2345, 2347, 2349, 2351, 2353, 2355, 2357, 2359, 2361, 2363, 2365, 2367, 2369, 2371, 2373, 2375, 2377, 2379, 2381, 2383, 2385, 2387, 2389, 2391, 2393, 2395, 2397, 2399, 2401, 2403, 2405, 2407, 2409, 2411, 2413, 2415, 2417, 2419, 2421, 2423, 2425, 2427, 2429, 2431, 2433, 2435, 2437, 2439, 2441, 2443, 2445, 2447, 2449, 2451, 2453, 2455, 2457, 2459, 2461, 2463, 2465, 2467, 2469, 2471, 2473, 2475, 2477, 2479, 2481, 2483, 2485, 2487, 2489, 2491, 2493, 2495, 2497, 2499, 2501, 2503, 2505, 2507, 2509, 2511, 2513, 2515, 2517, 2519, 2521, 2523, 2525, 2527, 2529, 2531, 2533, 2535, 2537, 2539, 2541, 2543, 2545, 2547, 2549, 2551, 2553, 2555, 2557, 2559, 2561, 2563, 2565, 2567, 2569, 2571, 2573, 2575, 2577, 2579, 2581, 2583, 2585, 2587, 2589, 2591, 2593, 2595, 2597, 2599, 2601, 2603, 2605, 2607, 2609, 2611, 2613, 2615, 2617, 2619, 2621, 2623, 2625, 2627, 2629, 2631, 2633, 2635, 2637, 2639, 2641, 2643, 2645, 2647, 2649, 2651, 2653, 2655, 2657, 2659, 2661, 2663, 2665, 2667, 2669, 2671, 2673, 2675, 2677, 2679, 2681, 2683, 2685, 2687, 2689, 2691, 2693, 2695, 2697, 2699, 2701, 2703, 2705, 2707, 2709, 2711, 2713, 2715, 2717, 2719, 2721, 2723, 2725, 2727, 2729, 2731, 2733, 2735, 2737, 2739, 2741, 2743, 2745, 2747, 2749, 2751, 2753, 2755, 2757, 2759, 2761, 2763, 2765, 2767, 2769, 2771, 2773, 2775, 2777, 2779, 2781, 2783, 2785, 2787, 2789, 2791, 2793, 2795, 2797, 2799, 2801, 2803, 2805, 2807, 2809, 2811, 2813, 2815, 2817, 2819, 2821, 2823, 2825, 2827, 2829, 2831, 2833, 2835, 2837, 2839, 2841, 2843, 2845, 2847, 2849, 2851, 2853, 2855, 2857, 2859, 2861, 2863, 2865, 2867, 2869, 2871, 2873, 2875, 2877, 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3211, 3213, 3215, 3217, 3219, 3221, 3223, 3225, 3227, 3229, 3231, 3233, 3235, 3237, 3239, 3241, 3243, 3245, 3247, 3249, 3251, 3253, 3255, 3257, 3259, 3261, 3263, 3265, 3267, 3269, 3271, 3273, 3275, 3277, 3279, 3281, 3283, 3285, 3287, 3289, 3291, 3293, 3295, 3297, 3299, 3301, 3303, 3305, 3307, 3309, 3311, 3313, 3315, 3317, 3319, 3321, 3323, 3325, 3327, 3329, 3331, 3333, 3335, 3337, 3339, 3341, 3343, 3345, 3347, 3349, 3351, 3353, 3355, 3357, 3359, 3361, 3363, 3365, 3367, 3369, 3371, 3373, 3375, 3377, 3379, 3381, 3383, 3385, 3387, 3389, 3391, 3393, 3395, 3397, 3399, 3401, 3403, 3405, 3407, 3409, 3411, 3413, 3415, 3417, 3419, 3421, 3423, 3425, 3427, 3429, 3431, 3433, 3435, 3437, 3439, 3441, 3443, 3445, 3447, 3449, 3451, 3453, 3455, 3457, 3459, 3461, 3463, 3465, 3467, 3469, 3471, 3473, 3475, 3477, 3479, 3481, 3483, 3485, 3487, 3489, 3491, 3493, 3495, 3497, 3499, 3501, 3503, 3505, 3507, 3509, 3511, 3513, 3515, 3517, 3519, 3521, 3523, 3525, 3527, 3529, 3531, 3533, 3535, 3537, 3539, 3541, 3543, 3545, 3547, 3549, 3551, 3553, 3555, 3557, 3559, 3561, 3563, 3565, 3567, 3569, 3571, 3573, 3575, 3577, 3579, 3581, 3583, 3585, 3587, 3589, 3591, 3593, 3595, 3597, 3599, 3601, 3603, 3605, 3607, 3609, 3611, 3613, 3615, 3617, 3619, 3621, 3623, 3625, 3627, 3629, 3631, 3633, 3635, 3637, 3639, 3641, 3643, 3645, 3647, 3649, 3651, 3653, 3655, 3657, 3659, 3661, 3663, 3665, 3667, 3669, 3671, 3673, 3675, 3677, 3679, 3681, 3683, 3685, 3687, 3689, 3691, 3693, 3695, 3697, 3699, 3701, 3703, 3705, 3707, 3709, 3711, 3713, 3715, 3717, 3719, 3721, 3723, 3725, 3727, 3729, 3731, 3733, 3735, 3737, 3739, 3741, 3743, 3745, 3747, 3749, 3751, 3753, 3755, 3757, 3759, 3761, 3763, 3765, 3767, 3769, 3771, 3773, 3775, 3777, 3779, 3781, 3783, 3785, 3787, 3789, 3791, 3793, 3795, 3797, 3799, 3801, 3803, 3805, 3807, 3809, 3811, 3813, 3815, 3817, 3819, 3821, 3823, 3825, 3827, 3829, 3831, 3833, 3835, 3837, 3839, 3841, 3843, 3845, 3847, 3849, 3851, 3853, 3855, 3857, 3859, 3861, 3863, 3865, 3867, 3869, 3871, 3873, 3875, 3877, 3879, 3881, 3883, 3885, 3887, 3889, 3891, 3893, 3895, 3897, 3899, 3901, 3903, 3905, 3907, 3909, 3911, 3913, 3915, 3917, 3919, 3921, 3923, 3925, 3927, 3929, 3931, 3933, 3935, 3937, 3939, 3941, 3943, 3945, 3947, 3949, 3951, 3953, 3955, 3957, 3959, 3961, 3963, 3965, 3967, 3969, 3971, 3973, 3975, 3977, 3979, 3981, 3983, 3985, 3987, 3989, 3991, 3993, 3995, 3997, 3999, 4001, 4003, 4005, 4007, 4009, 4011, 4013, 4015, 4017, 4019, 4021, 4023, 4025, 4027, 4029, 4031, 4033, 4035, 4037, 4039, 4041, 4043, 4045, 4047, 4049, 4051, 4053, 4055, 4057, 4059, 4061, 4063, 4065, 4067, 4069, 4071, 4073, 4075, 4077, 4079, 4081, 4083, 4085, 4087, 4089, 4091, 4093, 4095, 4097, 4099, 4101, 4103, 4105, 4107, 4109, 4111, 4113, 4115, 4117, 4119, 4121, 4123, 4125, 4127, 4129, 4131, 4133, 4135, 4137, 4139, 4141, 4143, 4145, 4147, 4149, 4151, 4153, 4155, 4157, 4159, 4161, 4163, 4165, 4167, 4169, 4171, 4173, 4175, 4177, 4179, 4181, 4183, 4185, 4187, 4189, 4191, 4193, 4195, 4197, 4199, 4201, 4203, 4205, 4207, 4209, 4211, 4213, 4215, 4217, 4219, 4221, 4223, 4225, 4227, 4229, 4231, 4233, 4235, 4237, 4239, 4241, 4243, 4245, 4247, 4249, 4251, 4253, 4255, 4257, 4259, 4261, 4263, 4265, 4267, 4269, 4271, 4273, 4275, 4277, 4279, 4281, 4283, 4285, 4287, 4289, 4291, 4293, 4295, 4297, 4299, 4301, 4303, 4305, 4307, 4309, 4311, 4313, 4315, 4317, 4319, 4321, 4323, 4325, 4327, 4329, 4331, 4333, 4335, 4337, 4339, 4341, 4343, 4345, 4347, 4349, 4351, 4353, 4355, 4357, 4359, 4361, 4363, 4365, 4367, 4369, 4371, 4373, 4375, 4377, 4379, 4381, 4383, 4385, 4387, 4389, 4391, 4393, 4395, 4397, 4399, 4401, 4403, 4405, 4407, 4409, 4411, 4413, 4415, 4417, 4419, 4421, 4423, 4425, 4427, 4429, 4431, 4433, 4435, 4437, 4439, 4441, 4443, 4445, 4447, 4449, 4451, 4453, 4455, 4457, 4459, 4461, 4463, 4465, 4467, 4469, 4471, 4473, 4475, 4477, 4479, 4481, 4483, 4485, 4487, 4489, 4491, 4493, 4495, 4497, 4499, 4501, 4503, 4505, 4507, 4509, 4511, 4513, 4515, 4517, 4519, 4521, 4523, 4525, 4527, 4529, 4531, 4533, 4535, 4537, 4539, 4541, 4543, 4545, 4547, 4549, 4551, 4553, 4555, 4557, 4559, 4561, 4563, 4565, 4567, 4569, 4571, 4573, 4575, 4577, 4579, 4581, 4583, 4585, 4587, 4589, 4591, 4593, 4595, 4597, 4599, 4601, 4603, 4605, 4607, 4609, 4611, 4613, 4615, 4617, 4619, 4621, 4623, 4625, 4627, 4629, 4631, 4633, 4635, 4637, 4639, 4641, 4643, 4645, 4647, 4649, 4651, 4653, 4655, 4657, 4659, 4661, 4663, 4665, 4667, 4669, 4671, 4673, 4675, 4677, 4679, 4681, 4683, 4685, 4687, 4689, 4691, 4693, 4695, 4697, 4699, 4701, 4703, 4705, 4707, 4709, 4711, 4713, 4715, 4717, 4719, 4721, 4723, 4725, 4727, 4729, 4731, 4733, 4735, 4737, 4739, 4741, 4743, 4745, 4747, 4749, 4751, 4753, 4755, 4757, 4759, 4761, 4763, 4765, 4767, 4769, 4771, 4773, 4775, 4777, 4779, 4781, 4783, 4785, 4787, 4789, 4791, 4793, 4795, 4797, 4799, 4801, 4803, 4805, 4807, 4809, 4811, 4813, 4815, 4817, 4819, 4821, 4823, 4825, 4827, 4829, 4831, 4833, 4835, 4837, 4839, 4841, 4843, 4845, 4847, 4849, 4851, 4853, 4855, 4857, 4859, 4861, 4863, 4865, 4867, 4869, 4871, 4873, 4875, 4877, 4879, 4881, 4883, 4885, 4887, 4889, 4891, 4893, 4895, 4897, 4899, 4901, 4



## SHIPPING

# P. & O.-BRITISH INDIA APCAR AND EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN LINES

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND).  
**MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICES**  
STRATH, JAVA, BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST  
INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA,  
INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND AND QUEENSLAND PORTS, RED  
SEA, EGYPT, EUROPE, &c.

**PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY  
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.**  
(Under Contract with H.M. Government.)

| S. S.       | Tons   | From<br>Hongkong<br>(about) | Destination                       |
|-------------|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| "SOUHAN"    | 6,298  | 24th Sept                   | Suez, Penang, Cebu & Rangoon      |
| "MACEDONIA" | 10,712 | 24th Sept                   | Thames, Marseilles, Genoa, A'worp |
| "KALYAN"    | 10,712 | 24th Sept                   | Thames, Marseilles, Genoa, A'worp |
| "DON JUAN"  | 10,712 | 24th Sept                   | Thames, Marseilles, Genoa, A'worp |
| "KALYAN"    | 10,712 | 24th Sept                   | Thames, Marseilles, Genoa, A'worp |
| "KALYAN"    | 10,712 | 24th Sept                   | Thames, Marseilles, Genoa, A'worp |
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| "SOUHAN"    | 6,298  | 24th Sept                   | Suez, Penang, Cebu & Rangoon      |
| "MACEDONIA" | 10,712 | 24th Sept                   | Thames, Marseilles, Genoa, A'worp |
| "KALYAN"    | 10,712 | 24th Sept                   | Thames, Marseilles, Genoa, A'worp |
| "DON JUAN"  | 10,712 | 24th Sept                   | Thames, Marseilles, Genoa, A'worp |
| "KALYAN"    | 10,712 | 24th Sept                   | Thames, Marseilles, Genoa, A'worp |
| "KALYAN"    | 10,712 | 24th Sept                   | Thames, Marseilles, Genoa, A'worp |
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| S. S.       | Tons   | From<br>Hongkong<br>(about) | Destination                       |
|-------------|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| "SOUHAN"    | 6,298  | 24th Sept                   | Suez, Penang, Cebu & Rangoon      |
| "MACEDONIA" | 10,712 | 24th Sept                   | Thames, Marseilles, Genoa, A'worp |
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| "KALYAN"    | 10,712 | 24th Sept                   | Thames, Marseilles, Genoa, A'worp |

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The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal.  
The P. & O. Branch Service of steamers to London via the Cape.  
The New Zealand Shipping Company's steamers for Southampton and London  
via Panama Canal.

## SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

| S. S.        | Tons   | From<br>Hongkong<br>(about) | Destination        |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| "JAPAN"      | 6,052  | 20th Sept                   | Japan via Amoy     |
| "MANTAI"     | 10,712 | 24th Sept                   | Shanghai and Japan |
| "DON JUAN"   | 10,712 | 24th Sept                   | Shanghai and Japan |
| "ST. ALBANS" | 10,712 | 24th Sept                   | Japan              |

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.  
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The P. & O. Branch Service of steamers to London via the Cape.  
The New Zealand Shipping Company's steamers for Southampton and London  
via Panama Canal.  
All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.  
WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.  
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The New Zealand Shipping Company's steamers for Southampton and London  
via Panama Canal.

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VIA SHANGHAI, THE INLAND SEA, JAPAN & HONOLULU.  
"THE FATHOM OF THE SUN."

| STEAMERS     | Tons   | LEAVE HONGKONG |
|--------------|--------|----------------|
| "SEIKO MARU" | 22,000 | Oct. 4th       |
| "KOREA MARU" | 22,000 | Oct. 18th      |
| "SEIKO MARU" | 22,000 | Nov. 2nd       |
| "SEIKO MARU" | 22,000 | Nov. 16th      |
| "SEIKO MARU" | 22,000 | Nov. 30th      |

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**SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.**  
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VIA MANILA, KEELUNG, JAPAN, HONOLULU, ILO, SAN FRANCISCO,  
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STEAMERS  
"SEIKO MARU" (Mol direct) 17,000. Sept. 18th at Noon.  
"SEIKO MARU" (Mol direct) 17,000. Oct. 12th.  
"SEIKO MARU" (Mol direct) 17,000. Nov. 16th.  
"SEIKO MARU" (Mol direct) 17,000. Dec. 10th.  
"SEIKO MARU" (Mol direct) 17,000. Jan. 14th.

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Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with any communication addressed to the Editor, not necessarily for publication but as evidence of good faith.  
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Letters relating to business should be addressed to THE MANAGER.  
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Alterations and additions to Advertisements on Pages 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9 should be sent to the Editor, No. 5, Wyndham Street, not later than 11.30 a.m.  
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New Advertisements should be sent in before 2 p.m.  
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THE CHINA MAIL

## EARLIER TELEGRAMS:

(Reuter's Telegrams to the China Mail)

## SMYRNA IN FLAMES.

### TURK'S DRASTIC ARMISTICE TERMS.

LONDON, September 16th.

According to Paris advices from Angora, the Turks lay down the following drastic armistice terms: The Greeks to unconditionally hand over the whole of the occupied area, with troops and munitions, and recognise the absolute sovereignty of the Turks over Asia Minor and Thrace. They must renounce all aspirations to these places, repair all damage done, bear all Turkish expenses and hand over the persons guilty of atrocities during the invasion. It is added that no other terms will be accepted.

One of the few remaining correspondents at Smyrna telegraphs that, except for the squatted Turkish quarter, Smyrna has ceased to exist. The premises destroyed include Kemal Pasha's Headquarters, British and French Consulates and the fine buildings composing the foreign quarter, while among the massacred are Christian, Armenian, and the Greek Orthodox Metropolitan of Smyrna, who was a well known visitor to Great Britain.

### BRITISH COLONY HARD HIT

It is estimated in London that nearly 25,000,000 worth of British money was sunk in the Smyrna district by members of the British colony who number 2,000. One hundred thousand tons of dried fruit, ready for exportation, was consumed in the flames, which, incidentally, will cause a shortage of raisins for Christmas puddings.

The estimates of the damage at Smyrna widely vary. An American correspondent on the spot figures out that it will be 25,000,000, but other quarters generally agree that it will be in the neighborhood of the still enormous sum of twelve to fifteen millions.

Lloyd's will have to meet large sums of insurance. The latest report against war risks was five per cent., confined to British and American ownerships, while Greek ownerships were rated at fifteen per cent. for short period.

### TURKISH OUTRAGES, ALIENATE ALLIED SYMPATHY.

LONDON, September 16th.  
The action of the Turks has served to A most painful impression, mingled with a feeling of deep indignation, is caused by the news from Smyrna. While it is acknowledged that the Turks were strongly provoked by the burning and pillaging indulged in by the Greek army, during its retreat, it is pointed out that the cities were in possession of Smyrna, and had constituted themselves its guardians. The present massacre and incendiarism therefore puts them in even a worse light. Another aspect is the fact that the Turkish policy of the latest outrages against civilisation, which have alienated sympathy for them in the eyes of the Allies and given strength to the argument that the Turk is unfit to govern anyone but himself.

strengthened the Allied determination to keep a firm grip on the Near Eastern situation. Relief is expressed at the identity of Anglo-French views in handling the present grave emergency. British Ministers are most gratified at France's manifestation of inter-Ally solidarity, while recognizing that this in no wise prejudices our Ally's eventual attitude at the final peace settlement. Nevertheless, it is doubted whether the nationalists still hold the Allied warnings, or be deterred in their aim to reach Constantinople. In consideration of British policy, sight must not be lost of the fact that we are a great Mussulman power, no less than the guardian of Western civilisation.

### SIGNIFICANT STATEMENT BY FRENCH PREMIER.

LONDON, September 16th.  
A significant statement by Premier Poincaré is reported in Paris dispatches in which he told the President of the Finance Committee in the Chamber that French troops were only temporarily at Constantinople, adding, there is every reason to hope that they would be withdrawn before the end of the year.

### BRITISH EMPIRE PREPARING FOR EMERGENCIES.

LONDON, September 16th.  
It is announced that Great Britain is strongly reinforcing the troops at Constantinople, asking Romania, Greece, Serbia and Greece to participate in the defence of the neutral zone, and has invited the Dominions to send contingents, in order to defend their interests, for which they have already made enormous sacrifices, and the soil, hallowed by immortal memories of the Anzacs.

Orders have also been given for the British Fleet in the Mediterranean to oppose any infringement of neutral zones, or an attempt to cross to the European shore, by the Turks.

### KEMALISTS' DANGEROUS ATTITUDE.

LONDON, September 16th.  
The announcement that the help of the Dominions is invited, concludes with the statement that, the British Government, in view of the situation, declares that the Kemalists demands involve the entire loss of the results of victory over Turkey, in the late war. Great Britain is prepared for great exertions in order to defend the freedom of the Straits and is gratified that these views are shared by France and Italy.

The question of Constantinople is somewhat different. The Allies Conference in London, January, 1921, announced the intention of restoring Constantinople to the Turks, subject to a satisfactory adjustment of other matters.

Great Britain desires a Conference at the earliest moment, in order to secure a stable peace with Turkey, but a conference is impossible while there is any question of the Kemalists attacking the neutral zones.

The Commissions at Constantinople have been instructed to notify Kemal that these zones must be respected, but, it is futile and dangerous to trust to diplomatic action alone, in view of the excited mood and extravagant claims of the Kemalists.

## LONDON, September 16th.

Only three Consulates are intact at Smyrna, the Belgian, Spanish and Norwegian.

At an important gathering of members of the Cabinet are spending the week-end with Mr. Lloyd George at "The Chequers."

The Foreign Office, up to the present, has not received news of any fatalities among British residents at Smyrna.

Paris, September 16th.  
Advices from Angora state that the Grand Assembly has issued an official communique to the people of Constantinople, urging them to await the intervention of the national army and not to indulge in any insurrectionary movement.

LONDON, September 16th.  
The New Zealand Government, in replying to Great Britain's Communication regarding the Turkish situation, declare that they associate themselves with the action proposed by the Allies and will be represented by a contingent.

LONDON, September 16th.  
The Home Secretary, speaking at Newcastle, asserted that Great Britain, France and Italy had determined to preserve the freedom of the Straits. It was almost certain that more troops would have to be sent, but whatever force was necessary to prevent the Kemalists invading Europe, would be provided.

Advices from Angora state that the Turkish authorities at Smyrna have arrested a number of Greeks and Armenians, who, it is alleged, confessed to firing the town.

Rome, September 16th.  
The fire is still raging at Smyrna, according to a telegram despatched last on Thursday.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 16th.  
The Kemalists are continuing the pursuit of the remainder of the third Greek army corps, which is retreating towards Paderma, where, information is spreading under the protection of war ships, it is reported that bands of Circassians and Turks fired at the Greeks. Looting and other excesses continue in the districts of Rodos and Donatoka by troops from Anatolia.

BRITISH GOVERNMENT'S FIRM POLICY. SUNDAY'S CRITIC.  
LONDON, September 16th.  
The Government's firm declaration of policy in the Turkish crisis, was published late last night in the shape of a comment on Sunday's earlier editions of the newspapers.

The exposition of British views, together with the recognised seriousness of the position, which led up to the notable statement, however, has sufficed to still the voices of critics, who had hitherto disapproved of the Government's past handling of the difficult situation which caused the Allied discussion.

### THE NEW FRENCH POLICY.

The new French policy, in direction, is leaning more closely towards British aims, and is apparently influenced by complications which were unforeseen when the scene of action in the Near East was confined to Anatolia. It is firstly due to the fact that the Little Entente, whose friendship the Kemalists threat to regard their progress in Thrace. France's interests are naturally more intimately bound with Europe than Angora. Secondly, it is due to the painful impression, prevailing in Paris, that Kemalists successes were obtained by means of substantial assistance from Moscow, in the shape of munitions and aeroplanes, in conjunction with French arms. French hostility towards Russia is undiminished.

Advices from Smyrna, dated 16th inst., state that the fire continues, but has diminished in violence. The Italian ships are taking off refugees. Telegrams state that all buildings in Smyrna, on the flat, have been burnt down.

The Turks charge the Greeks with remaining in the town and hindering the efforts made towards extinction, one cause being the entry of the Greek fleet into the port, hindering fire-rafts.

The report of the alleged bombardment occurs in another message, asserting that the battleship *Kilias* shelled the Turkish quarter. Moreover, the *Sunday Express* states that the Smyrna Kemalists were moved at the Quay, against the Allied marines, who attempted to land on Friday morning.

ATHENS, September 16th.  
The constantly arriving refugees from Asia Minor paint a terrible picture of the Smyrna tragedy, the true extent of which cannot yet be known. It is stated that the Kemalists spared nobody except their co-religionists and Jews, groups of whom, headed by Turkish officers, carried out systematic massacre and incendiarism, accompanied by wholesale looting.

Mutilated corpses are strewn everywhere and the odour of burnt flesh from the ruins poisons the atmosphere.

Women and girls were removed to the outskirts of the town, where they were raped and then murdered. No Armenians have been seen in Smyrna since Thursday and it is feared that even infants were massacred.

The Quay, on which the panic-stricken refugees were concentrated, presented a tragic spectacle, the groans of the wounded and dying being audible on all sides, while numbers of corpses were visible, floating in the harbour.

It is impossible to learn the number of lives lost, but the lowest estimate places the total at 150,000. Some Englishmen are missing, whose fate is unknown, and it is stated there is reason to believe that some of them have been murdered.

### THE RUSSIAN HARVEST.

REKLYN, September 16th.  
At a festival in Moscow, to celebrate the close of the harvest, the President of the all-Russian Executive Committee announced that the harvest had yielded 47,000,000 tons. The Famine Relief Commission will consequently be abolished and arrangements are being made to begin the export of grain.

### DISASTROUS NEW ORLEANS FIRE.

NEW ORLEANS, September 16th.  
A fire broke out at the river docks last night, which destroyed city blocks and now involved the damage is up to the present, estimated at \$4,000,000.

## TREASURE IN A ROCK.

### STRANDED WOMAN'S FIND.

A romance of the American silver mines, which reads like a story from Bret Harte, is recalled by the death at Sacramento, California, of Mrs. James L. Butler, one of the richest women in the United States, reports an exchange.

Twenty years ago, at the age of 40, Mrs. Butler and her late husband owned a small ranch in Northern California.

Having difficulty in making ends meet, the couple decided to migrate to the Klondyke district of Noyo County, in the State of Nevada, where the discovery of gold had started a rush of fortune hunters.

Mr. and Mrs. Butler hitched a couple of sturdy donkeys to a wagon, and set out on their long journey.

Four miles north of what is now the important banking town of Tonopah, they were lost in the mountains. To add to their troubles the two donkeys strayed from the camp which had been pitched for the night.

For four days the stranded for "unseemly" hunt high and low for the animals, Mrs. Butler going one way and Mr. Butler another, and returning to the camp at night.

On the fourth day in the late afternoon, Mrs. Butler, retracing her steps, weary, hungry and disheartened, sat down on a ledge of rock to have a good cry.

Part of the rock crumbled beneath her weight and, when she could see through her tears, she noticed that the spot thus bared looked bright in the light of the setting sun.

Two hours later her husband returned with the missing donkeys, and she called his attention to the bared spot on the ledge.

Their waridings ended there and then. The ledge was one mass of virgin silver.

Mrs. Butler named it "Mizpah." On it was sunk the Discovery Mine, which yielded fabulous returns, and Tonopah leaped into fame as the leading silver camp of the West.

### THE WATER SUPPLY.

Level and Storage of water in reservoirs on the 1st September, 1922.  
CITY AND HILL DISTRICT WATER WORKS.

| LEVEL.              | 1921.                        | 1922.                        |
|---------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| City Hill Reservoir | 11 ft. 11 in. Below overflow | 11 ft. 11 in. Below overflow |
| City Hill Reservoir | 12 ft. 10 in. Below overflow | 12 ft. 10 in. Below overflow |
| City Hill Reservoir | 13 ft. 10 in. Below overflow | 13 ft. 10 in. Below overflow |
| City Hill Reservoir | 14 ft. 10 in. Below overflow | 14 ft. 10 in. Below overflow |
| City Hill Reservoir | 15 ft. 10 in. Below overflow | 15 ft. 10 in. Below overflow |
| City Hill Reservoir | 16 ft. 10 in. Below overflow | 16 ft. 10 in. Below overflow |
| City Hill Reservoir | 17 ft. 10 in. Below overflow | 17 ft. 10 in. Below overflow |
| City Hill Reservoir | 18 ft. 10 in. Below overflow | 18 ft. 10 in. Below overflow |
| City Hill Reservoir | 19 ft. 10 in. Below overflow | 19 ft. 10 in. Below overflow |
| City Hill Reservoir | 20 ft. 10 in. Below overflow | 20 ft. 10 in. Below overflow |

Consumption of water in the City and Hill District in millions and decimals of gallons during the month of August.

| 1921.                     | 1922.           |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Consumption               | 1,114,111 m. g. |
| Estimated supply          | 1,114,111 m. g. |
| Consumption per head      | 58.8 m. g.      |
| Estimated supply per head | 58.8 m. g.      |

Constant supply in all districts during August 1921.  
Intermittent supply in all Main Districts during August 1922 excepting 1 day viz. 31st a Constant Supply was operated in Water Rider Main District.

| 1921.                     | 1922.           |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Consumption               | 1,114,111 m. g. |
| Estimated supply          | 1,114,111 m. g. |
| Consumption per head      | 58.8 m. g.      |
| Estimated supply per head | 58.8 m. g.      |

Constant supply in all districts during August 1921.  
Intermittent supply in all Main Districts during August 1922 excepting 1 day viz. 31st a Constant Supply was operated in Water Rider Main District.

Consumption of water in Kowloon in millions and decimals of gallons during the month of August.

| 1921.                     | 1922.           |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Consumption               | 1,114,111 m. g. |
| Estimated supply          | 1,114,111 m. g. |
| Consumption per head      | 58.8 m. g.      |
| Estimated supply per head | 58.8 m. g.      |

Constant supply in all districts during August 1921.  
Intermittent supply in all Main Districts during August 1922 excepting 1 day viz. 31st a Constant Supply was operated in Water Rider Main District.

Consumption of water in Kowloon in millions and decimals of gallons during the month of August.

| 1921.                     | 1922.           |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Consumption               | 1,114,111 m. g. |
| Estimated supply          | 1,114,111 m. g. |
| Consumption per head      | 58.8 m. g.      |
| Estimated supply per head | 58.8 m. g.      |

Constant supply in all districts during August 1921.  
Intermittent supply in all Main Districts during August 1922 excepting 1 day viz. 31st a Constant Supply was operated in Water Rider Main District.

Consumption of water in Kowloon in millions and decimals of gallons during the month of August.

| 1921.                     | 1922.           |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Consumption               | 1,114,111 m. g. |
| Estimated supply          | 1,114,111 m. g. |
| Consumption per head      | 58.8 m. g.      |
| Estimated supply per head | 58.8 m. g.      |

## 3H PP N9

# N. Y. K.

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YOKOHAMA MARU ... .. Monday, 3rd Oct. at 11 a.m.  
**MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP** via Singapore &c.  
KASHIMA MARU ... .. Friday, 29th Sept. at 11 a.m.  
HAKONE MARU ... .. Friday, 13th Oct. at 11 a.m.  
**HAMBURG via LONDON, ROTTERDAM.**  
MATSUMOTO MARU ... .. Tuesday, 25th September.

**LIVERPOOL via MARSEILLES.**  
TOYOHASHI MARU ... .. Second half of Oct.  
**SYDNEY & MELBOURNE** via Manila &c.  
TANGO MARU ... .. Tuesday, 19th Sept. at 11 a.m.  
YOSHINO MARU ... .. Tuesday, 17th Oct. at 11 a.m.

**NEW YORK via PANAMA.**

**NEW YORK via Suez.**

**RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS & BUENOS AIRES** via Cape

KANAGAWA MARU ... .. Tuesday, 3rd October.

**BOMBAY via Singapore & Colombo.**

SANUKI MARU ... .. Monday, 14th Sept.

**JALOUTTA**



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### ART OF REPARTEE.

SOME BRILLIANT INSTANCES  
GIVEN BY SIR EDWARD  
SULLIVAN.

I have used the word "artless" in my title, writes Sir Edward Sullivan Bart., in a recent number of the *Nineteenth Century*, for good reason: for if there be even a suggestion of premeditation about a repartee, it ceases to be what it is meant for—its power is gone. It is true that repartee has been diagnosed, analysed, and defined in many ways from early times down to our own day; but, instead of wearying my readers with the results of such investigations, I prefer to state briefly that in my opinion a good repartee is the saying of something on the spur of the moment which, by the unanimous consent of its hearers, leaves the person replied to practically destitute of further speech by way of defence.

We are told by some authorities that a repartee should be courteous in form, though severe in substance, and difficult either to mistake or to resent. It is undoubtedly so in its most polished guise—where it takes on a high form of wit and leaves no rambling sting behind—but inasmuch as some of the best repartees ever delivered are not of that highly polished order, crammed though they may be with cleverness, I do not say that they should be altogether excluded from the list of the subject. I agree rather with the Irishman who defined repartee as "an insult with its dress suit on," because, like the quick and well directed knock-out blow of a champion of the prize ring, it cannot be dissociated altogether from brutality. A collection of smart replies which conformed too closely to the more polite and diplomatic standard might possess the elements of instruction, but would certainly be lacking in more amusing qualities.

No one is altogether immune from a witty reply: kings and others of exalted birth or high official standing down to the man in the street, they all have had their turn: but the humorist, of course, treading on rather dangerous ground when he knowingly takes too great a liberty with those of the highest rank, and when dealing with such the repartee has to be wrapped up with more than ordinary care if trouble is to be avoided.

### WIT IN THE COURT ROOM.

Examples of witty repartees are furnished in large numbers by courts of law, whether high or low, some of the best being reported from the legal domain in Ireland. It was there, for instance, that a certain judge of the High Court in bygone days refused to entertain an application for the adjournment of a case over Good Friday. "Certainly not, Mr. Blunk. The better the day the better the deed," said his Lordship, thinking he had disposed of the matter. "Well, my lord," replied counsel, "all I can say is that you'll be the first judge to sit on Good Friday since the time of Pontius Pilate."

Two farmers in the west of Ireland had a dispute over some land. The case came into the High Court. The presiding judge tried to throw oil on the troubled waters and addressing the plaintiff when in the witness-box, he said: "This is a trivial case. Why not settle it? You men have got to be neighbours all your lives. Now, I suppose that, apart from this trespass, you consider the defendant a very decent man?" The plaintiff scratched his head and hesitatingly said: "Well, he is, sir, but he sometimes gets as drunk as a judge." "You mean as drunk as a lord," remarked the president of the court. "Yes, my lord," was the unlooked for answer.

### A HIGH PRIEST OF REPARTEE.

John Phibbs Curran, a member of the old Irish House of Commons, a distinguished barrister, and afterwards Master of the Rolls, has been called "the high priest of repartee," and so incisive were his witticisms in this direction that he was feared and respected by both judge and witness. One of the Irish judges, Fitzgibbon by name, never attempted to hide his detestation of Curran, and took many opportunities of displaying it. Now, this particular judge had a most dog, that had been trained to be

side him in court, and on a certain day, when Curran was arguing a case of considerable importance, his Lordship gave every appearance of not attending to what was being said, and as it were to ventuate his contempt, he turned to the dog and audibly addressed some remarks to him. Curran at once stopped "Go on, sir," said the judge. "I beg your pardon," answered Curran. "I thought your Lordships were in consultation." At a later period, when this same judge had become Lord Chancellor, Curran was arguing before him, when he was interrupted in one of his arguments by this cutting remark: "Mr. Curran, if that is law, I may burn my law books." "Oh, no, my lord," replied Curran; "better read them."

THE GREATEST PUNISHMENT.  
Lord Chief Justice Russell in his early days at the Bar was asked in court one day by a brother barrister what was the extreme penalty for bigamy. "Two mothers-in-law," was the answer.

It is not always necessary that some taunting speech or irritating observation should be made before a repartee can spring into existence. It may equally well be called into being by circumstances of an annoying nature, and where no word is spoken. An excellent instance of this sort was furnished by a witty Irishman called "Jargies" McCarthy some few years ago. He attended a certain dinner in Dublin, and as the proceedings were about to close he got up and asked the chairman's permission to propose one last toast. His request being granted, he rose and said: "Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen, the toast I have the honour to submit is that of 'Absent Friends,' and with the toast I would like to couple the name of the wine waiter who was supposed to look after me to-night." The effect was magical, and "Jargies" had more to drink in the last ten minutes of the banquet than in all the earlier and drier hours to which it had already run.

### A TOUCHING EPISODE.

The subject of imbibing reminds me of a touching little episode that took place in the town of Limerick. A lady enthusiast from England was staying with some friends in the country, and thought to try her hand on the natives in the cause of temperance. Furnished with a list of names by her host, she proceeded to the poorer suburbs of the town and called on a Mrs. Doherty. "Good-morning, Mrs. Doherty," she said in a coaxing sort of tone. "Good-morning kindly, ma'am," replied the woman of the house, taking her arms out of the washing tub at which she was engaged. "What can I be doing for ye?" "I'm collecting for a drunkard's home, Mrs. Doherty," said the visitor. "Ye are, ma'am?" replied the other. "Then, if ye send round about ten o'clock to-night, ye can collect Doherty." The propaganda work went no further.

Perhaps one of the most deadly replies ever made to an impertinent observation was the following: About the end of the eighteenth century John Parsons was travelling by coach in the company of Lord Norbury, then popularly known as "the hanging judge," and happening to pass a gibbet, Norbury, with a chuckle, said to his fellow traveller: "Parsons, where would you be now if that gallows had its due?" "Riding alone, my lord," was the well-deserved rejoinder.

At a sports meeting of the Irish Cyclists' Association Mr. J. C. Peroy was acting, in company with a Father Boylan, as one of the judges. At the dinner that followed Mr. Peroy was determined to say something in praise of his brother judge, who had, he thought, shown himself to be a genuine and fair-minded sportsman all through the meeting. "His enthusiasm possibly led him into the mistake of patronising the reverend gentleman." Anyhow he opened the ball by saying: "Father Boylan, I wish I were a rich man." "Why so?" said the priest. "Because, after the broad opinion I heard you give expression to to-day, I would like to appoint you as my private chaplain." Again came the query: "Why?" "For the reason that I would not be afraid to make my own confession to you." The priest looked at him for a moment, and then he retorted: "That would be all very nice for you; but for me

it might be a very dirty job." This teller of the tale acknowledges that he never felt so vanquished in his life, and after puzzling his brain for some fifteen years he was still without a suitable reply.

### A READY RETORT.

Electioneering is, of course, a fruitful soil for everything in the way of repartee. As a specimen of ready wit it would be difficult to beat a retort of Charles Burleigh, the great opponent of the slave trade. He was in the middle of one of his eloquent denunciations of slavery, when a well-aimed and very rotten egg struck him full in the face. "This," he said calmly as he produced his handkerchief and wiped his face, "is a striking evidence of what I have always maintained, that pro-slavery arguments are unsound."

"Now, my friend," said the candidate, making a last strenuous effort to stir up enthusiasm in his hearers, "what do we need in order to carry this constituency by the biggest majority in history?" "Another candidate!" yelled a voice from the back of the hall.

There are many examples of repartee in connection with the clerical world, a selection from which is given here. Cardinal Vaughan and Dr. Adler, the Chief Jewish Rabbi, were next to one another at a luncheon. "Now, Dr. Adler," said the Cardinal, "when may I have the pleasure of helping you to some ban?" The Rabbi replied without a pause: "At your Eminence's wedding," a reply that for appropriate neatness would be hard to improve upon. There was quite a delightful reply once made by Dr. Potter, Bishop of New York, when asked by a lady how it was that in pictures and statues the angels are always represented as women or young men without beards or mustaches: "Everyone knows that women naturally inherit the kingdom of heaven, but the men only get in by a very close shave." A visitor to St. Albar's on one occasion complained that though he liked the service, he objected to "the stink of the incense." "I am sorry, my friend," said Father Stanton very gravely. "Why?" asked the stranger. "Well, you see," replied the clergyman, "there are only two stinks in the next world—incense and brimstone—and you will have to choose between them."

### SUB ROSA.

Famous amongst the humorists of the neighbourhood of Dublin in the past century was Father James Healy, parish priest of Little Bray. No act of quick and witty answers could pretend to be complete without including at least a few of his. He was always a high favourite at the Viceregal Lodge, often in company with an old friend of his, Lord Justice Barry, of the Irish Bench. On one occasion at a Christmas luncheon-party, where the London derry was in office, the conversation turned on the decorations of the season, and the Marchioness, thinking to put a poser to his Reverence, said across the table: "Father Healy, I wonder if you or Lord Justice Barry ever did such a thing as kiss anyone under the mistle-toe?" "Oh no, your Excellency," answered the wit. "When ever the Lord Justice or myself did anything in that line it was under the rose."

At a dinner-party in Dublin when the ladies had left the dining room his friend Lord Justice Barry found himself sitting next to the padre and remarked to him: "I say, Father James, did you ever see a woman quite so delectable as the lady who was opposite to you at dinner?" "Never," said the padre, "since I was wedded."

There are two examples of smart replies connected, in a way, with the medical profession that are worth telling. Some of my readers may perhaps remember the Rugeley poison case, the villain of which piece was Dr. Palmer. Public feeling was so deeply stirred by the revelations at the trial that the people of Rugeley could no longer tolerate the ill fame that had been so widely connected with their town, and they took steps to have it changed. A deputation, in fact, waited on Lord Palmerston, then Prime Minister, with a view to eliciting his sympathy in their trouble, and asked him to help them in the re-naming of the town. The Premier, who was a humorist, having heard what they had to say, told them: that all he could do for them was to give them permission to use his own name instead of Rugeley, which had got such a bad odour. They thanked him and withdrew. It was only later that they discovered that Palmerston was a curious name to adopt for a town that was so anxious to get rid of the name of Palmer, so they concluded to leave things as they were. The Prime Minister's act was, of course, intended as a reprimand for their silly conduct; but, severe as it was, it lacked the crushing neatness of a reply made about the same time by a Dublin caddy in connection with the same trial.

### A DUBLIN CADDY.

In those days in Dublin one could take a four wheeler from one end of the town to the other for the sum of

### £400,000 GIVEN AWAY.

#### NAVY AND AIR FORCE SURPLUS.

Attention is called by the Committee of Public Accounts in their third report, on the 1920-21 accounts to gifts of public property by the Navy and Air Services.

Various ships surplus to after-war requirements, and surplus aircraft material to a total value of about £400,000 were presented as free gifts to Dominion Governments. "We cannot," states the report, "feel satisfied with a position which would allow of substantial gifts of public property being made without the previous knowledge of Parliament. The greatest constitutional authorities have laid it down that gifts of national property cannot be made without the approval of Parliament. We are doubtful whether, even in suggesting a limit of £10,000 (for such gifts) last year we did not go farther than the Constitution allows."

With regard to the accounts of the Royal Irish Constabulary, salary and house allowance has continued to be issued to an ex-Inspector-General of the constabulary for more than two years after March 10, 1920, although a successor was appointed on March 11, 1920. "We cannot but express surprise that an unusual payment of this kind should have been made and continued so long without Parliamentary authority."

The Committee's attention was called to the payment of £13,917 for the maintenance of the Persian Consack Division in May 1920 on the strength of a telegram from the Foreign Office which had been superseded by a later telegraphic instruction. "We cannot help feeling," states the Committee, "that the instructions issued by the Foreign Office were not sufficiently clear."

"A conspicuous instance," they state, "of the practice of allowing actual expenses to be seen in the Colonial Office Vote in a case of the visit of the Secretary of State (Mr. Winston Churchill) to Cairo. In this case a scale of expenses was at first fixed by the Treasury but in response to a telegram from the Secretary of State from Cairo they waived this regular practice and agreed not to impose a limit."

"I seem to us it is very undesirable for unlimited power of spending to be given to any mission, and equally undesirable for a Cabinet Minister to set the example of asking it."

The purchase and resale of the steam drifter "Colonel" by the Admiralty is referred to. The Admiralty agreed with the owners in December 1919 to pay them £3,500 instead of reconditioning the vessel. The dockyard authorities, to give men work, meanwhile had begun to recondition the "Colonel" and did work to the extent of £1,300. The owners would make no rebate for this and the Admiralty bought the drifter outright for £4,800 and spent £2,997 on repairs, making the total cost £7,797. The "Colonel" was sold by the Admiralty in June 1921 for £760.

Expense, i.e., if you were mean enough not to give any more. Now there was then a very stingy old Dr. Palmer in Dublin, who would never give more than the legal fare, and shortly after the execution of the Rugeley poisoner, which was much talked of in the city, the old man drove right across the town, a distance of some four miles, on a very cold and disagreeable day, and at the journey's end handled the jarvey a sixpence. No outburst of unpleasant language came from Jehu, no, he was a philosopher. He held the coin in his open hand, gazed at it a while, and then muttered to himself but loudly enough to be overheard by his fare: "Begorra, they hung the wrong man."

A doctor with a leaning to humour, on visiting a lady patient, found her reading Twelfth Night, and taking the opportunity to show his own knowledge asked: "When Shakespeare wrote about 'poison on a monument,' do you think he meant doctor's patients?" "No," replied the lady; "they are mostly found on the other monument."

The following scene is transcribed from a war hospital:—  
Patient (to attractive nurse): "Will you be my wife when I recover?"  
Nurse: "Certainly."

Patient: "Then you love me?"  
Nurse: "Oh no; that's merely part of the treatment. I must keep my patients cheerful; it was only this morning that I promised to run away with a married man who had lost both his legs."

### WHY HE LIVED.

A very neat reply has been attributed to Sir James Knowles, when editor of the *Nineteenth Century*. He received a sonnet from the late Mr. Lather Munday entitled "Why do I live?" Sir James wrote in answer: "You live, dear Munday, because you sent your poem by post, and did not bring it yourself."

### MARQUESAS.

#### "ROBINSON CRUSOE FEELING."

##### LITTLE KNOWN ISLANDS.

If you want to get the Robinson Crusoe feeling, go to the Marquesas Islands. You will have to join a 70-ton schooner with a native crew, and the voyage will take you 20 days from Tahiti—1000 miles.

Mr. D. G. Coleman, of the Carnegie Institute, Washington, went to the Marquesas, and he says he never felt more like being Robinson Crusoe in his life.

The vessel runs from Tahiti twice a year. Soon after leaving Tahiti Mr. Coleman decided to take the bearings for himself, and the naïve captain was delighted to be relieved of the responsibility. In return Mr. Coleman was given the captain's berth. "I was pleased I got that bunk," said Mr. Coleman, "because the decks were soon awash."

The inhabitants of the Marquesas are Polynesian, and their physique is wonderful. The girls between the ages of 15 and 20 compare favourably with European girls, and are "very beautiful." They keep their hair nicely dressed with coconut oil.

"There were only two other white men—botanists—on the Marquesas when I was there," said Mr. Coleman.

"You see the native in almost his original state and the visitor is taken at his par value. As soon as you go among them you begin to share everything with them. If a native catches a fish he will share it with you. I had my first meal of raw fish there, and it was very nice."

"The islands are now under French control, but for some years past the education of the natives has been neglected. You can tell the age of a native by seeing whether he can speak a little French. If he can, he is sure to be between 25 and 30."

"French missions used to be active in the islands, but no one seems to trouble now. The boys and girls of 15 or so know no French. They are not educated at all."

According to Mr. Coleman elephantiasis, leprosy and consumption are the diseases most prevalent in the islands. "But," Mr. Coleman went on, "the native is not afraid of leprosy or elephantiasis. He knows he can live to a good old age with either, but with tuberculosis he is cut off early, and that is why he fears it. In 1896 there were 6,000 natives, in 1900, 4,300, and now 2,000. The race soon will be extinct. They are the most wonderful tattooers in the world—they surpass even the Maoris. The Marquesas natives tattoo the entire body, even to the eyelids. They do it with a fishbone."

### IN BORNEO.

#### WITH THE "WILD MEN."

##### FRIENDLY HEAD-HUNTERS.

Mr. H. J. Raven, of the American Museum of Natural History, New York, who is in Australia collecting specimens of that country's fauna, has been among the wild men of Borneo—the head hunters.

When Mr. Raven got into the interior of Borneo he encountered natives—Dyaks—who had never seen a white man.

They ran into the jungle, beating their drums as they fled. Mr. Raven who had a Malayian "boy" with him, soon established himself in the village. But for a while he had it all to himself. During the day the "wild men" came back, and were most hospitable.

"They proved to be the most friendly natives I have ever met," said Mr. Raven. "They were very suspicious of me for a time, but when my boy explained to them my mission—to collect specimens of the anthropoid apes—they could not do enough for me. I shot two of the orang-utan species, and the skeleton and skins are now in the Smithsonian Institution, Washington. One was an adult female, and its outstretched arms measured 7½ ft. 10 in. from tip to tip of the nails. The other was a young male."

"EARS TO THE SHOULDERS."  
Mr. Raven explained that some of the Borneo natives live in long huts that are built on high piles, but others have no fixed home. They wander about the jungle and live mostly on fruit and wild pigs. The women wear heavy rings—a mixture of tin and lead—in their ears, with the result that the lobe of the ear is extended several inches, and frequently reaches to the shoulder being no thicker than the point of a lead pencil at the end.

"These Dyaks," said Mr. Raven, "are about the finest race of natives I have ever seen. Although head-hunting has not been abolished, and they are idolaters I can say from my own experience that the white man is just as safe among them as he is in Sydney. The women are very much like the Javanese, with the exception of course, of the long ears."

## DAIRY FARM NEWS.

Ex. "Empress of Canada"

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Fine, Choice, Mealy.

PRICES RIGHT.

## NESTLE'S PURE THICK CREAM

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## REAL CREAM

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with  
Stewed, Potted,  
or  
Tinned Fruits.



Used for  
Ices,  
Meringues,  
and  
All Made Creams

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4 ozs. 35 cents per tin.

5½ " 45 " " "

11 " 80 " " "

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in  
HONGKONG, CANTON & COAST PORTS.

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Dealers in China Jades, Diamonds, Pearls,  
Precious Stones & Amber-Beads.

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Health  
**Must**  
Come  
First

What with life's worries, heat fatigue, and trying climatic conditions, these times defy the strongest constitution.

The man or woman who thinks to "keep on" or "keep fit" without the extra strength and nerve force that Hall's Wine gives, must sooner or later come to grief. Hall's Wine, the great British Tonic for Health and Strength, is the prescription of a member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, England, it is so sure and so economical a safeguard that you should have it by you always. For over a quarter of a century it has held the confidence of medical men throughout Great Britain.

## Hall's Wine

THE SUPREME TONIC RESTORATIVE

A doctor writes:—"In insomnia, Hall's Wine is of the highest value, it induces refreshing sleep, unrivalled."

Another doctor says:—"Hall's Wine as a tonic is unrivalled, it is, in my judgment, better than I have ever left in my life."

A lady writes:—"Hall's Wine has made me feel better than I have ever felt in my life."

Hall's Wine is obtainable from all first-class Chemists and Wine Merchants, and Sincere Co. Ltd., and Wing On Co. Ltd.

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## NOTICE TO SHIPPERS, AND PASSENGERS.

## PROJECTED DEPARTURE:

## CHINA COAST, ETC.

## SWATOW.

|           |          |            |
|-----------|----------|------------|
| Sept. 18. | D. I.    | Haifong.   |
| 19.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 20.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 21.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 22.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 23.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 24.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 25.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 26.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 27.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 28.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 29.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 30.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |

## AMOI.

|           |        |             |
|-----------|--------|-------------|
| Sept. 10. | B. I.  | Japan.      |
| 11.       | O.S.K. | Sushu Maru. |
| 12.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 13.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 14.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 15.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 16.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 17.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 18.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 19.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 20.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 21.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 22.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 23.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 24.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 25.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 26.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 27.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 28.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 29.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |
| 30.       | O.S.K. | Haifong.    |

## FOOCHOW.

|           |       |          |
|-----------|-------|----------|
| Sept. 19. | D. I. | Haifong. |
| 20.       | D. I. | Haifong. |
| 21.       | D. I. | Haifong. |
| 22.       | D. I. | Haifong. |
| 23.       | D. I. | Haifong. |
| 24.       | D. I. | Haifong. |
| 25.       | D. I. | Haifong. |
| 26.       | D. I. | Haifong. |
| 27.       | D. I. | Haifong. |
| 28.       | D. I. | Haifong. |
| 29.       | D. I. | Haifong. |
| 30.       | D. I. | Haifong. |

## SHANGHAI.

|           |        |          |
|-----------|--------|----------|
| Sept. 19. | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 20.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 21.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 22.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 23.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 24.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 25.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 26.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 27.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 28.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 29.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 30.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 1.        | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 2.        | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 3.        | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 4.        | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 5.        | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 6.        | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 7.        | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 8.        | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 9.        | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 10.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 11.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 12.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 13.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 14.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 15.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 16.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 17.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 18.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 19.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 20.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
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| 26.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 27.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 28.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 29.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 30.       | O.S.N. | Haifong. |

## TUNGTAI.

|           |          |          |
|-----------|----------|----------|
| Sept. 19. | I.O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 20.       | I.O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 21.       | I.O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 22.       | I.O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 23.       | I.O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 24.       | I.O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 25.       | I.O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 26.       | I.O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 27.       | I.O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 28.       | I.O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 29.       | I.O.S.N. | Haifong. |
| 30.       | I.O.S.N. | Haifong. |

## PAKHOL.

|           |       |          |
|-----------|-------|----------|
| Sept. 22. | O. N. | Haifong. |
|-----------|-------|----------|

## TIENSIN.

|           |          |           |
|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Sept. 22. | I.O.S.N. | Chipping. |
|-----------|----------|-----------|

## KEELUNG.

|           |          |             |
|-----------|----------|-------------|
| Sept. 18. | T. K. K. | Qinyo Maru. |
| 19.       | T. K. K. | Qinyo Maru. |
| 20.       | T. K. K. | Qinyo Maru. |
| 21.       | T. K. K. | Qinyo Maru. |
| 22.       | T. K. K. | Qinyo Maru. |
| 23.       | T. K. K. | Qinyo Maru. |
| 24.       | T. K. K. | Qinyo Maru. |
| 25.       | T. K. K. | Qinyo Maru. |
| 26.       | T. K. K. | Qinyo Maru. |
| 27.       | T. K. K. | Qinyo Maru. |
| 28.       | T. K. K. | Qinyo Maru. |
| 29.       | T. K. K. | Qinyo Maru. |
| 30.       | T. K. K. | Qinyo Maru. |

## HAIPHONG VIA HOIHOW.

|           |          |          |
|-----------|----------|----------|
| Sept. 22. | C. N.    | Haifong. |
| 23.       | I.O.S.N. | Haifong. |

## SAIGON.

|           |       |         |
|-----------|-------|---------|
| Sept. 23. | C. N. | Ningpo. |
|-----------|-------|---------|

## BANGKOK.

|           |          |            |
|-----------|----------|------------|
| Sept. 19. | C. N.    | Kalgan.    |
| 20.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 21.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 22.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 23.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 24.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 25.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 26.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 27.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 28.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 29.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |
| 30.       | I.O.S.N. | Chalchong. |

## SINGAPORE.

|           |        |                    |
|-----------|--------|--------------------|
| Sept. 20. | O.S.K. | London Maru.       |
| 21.       | O.S.K. | Hakodate Maru.     |
| 22.       | O.S.K. | Egra.              |
| 23.       | O.S.K. | Sembilan.          |
| 24.       | O.S.K. | Soudan.            |
| 25.       | O.S.K. | Glenade.           |
| 26.       | O.S.K. | Kingman.           |
| 27.       | O.S.K. | Teirias.           |
| 28.       | O.S.K. | Elridge.           |
| 29.       | O.S.K. | Sanuki Maru.       |
| 30.       | O.S.K. | Macedonia.         |
| 1.        | O.S.K. | Armenian.          |
| 2.        | O.S.K. | Janus.             |
| 3.        | O.S.K. | Kashima Maru.      |
| 4.        | O.S.K. | Van Oosterveld.    |
| 5.        | O.S.K. | City of Yama.      |
| 6.        | O.S.K. | Laconia.           |
| 7.        | O.S.K. | Indien.            |
| 8.        | O.S.K. | Kt. Templar.       |
| 9.        | O.S.K. | Antioch.           |
| 10.       | O.S.K. | Pharos.            |
| 11.       | O.S.K. | Hakone Maru.       |
| 12.       | O.S.K. | West Prospect.     |
| 13.       | O.S.K. | Hymn.              |
| 14.       | O.S.K. | Glenade.           |
| 15.       | O.S.K. | Tydeus.            |
| 16.       | O.S.K. | Hakone Maru.       |
| 17.       | O.S.K. | Mantua.            |
| 18.       | O.S.K. | Yongang.           |
| 19.       | O.S.K. | Kt. of the Garter. |
| 20.       | O.S.K. | Dongola.           |
| 21.       | O.S.K. | Asia.              |
| 22.       | O.S.K. | Euryades.          |
| 23.       | O.S.K. | Philoteas.         |
| 24.       | O.S.K. | Yongang.           |
| 25.       | O.S.K. | Panama.            |
| 26.       | O.S.K. | Nankin.            |
| 27.       | O.S.K. | Demodocus.         |
| 28.       | O.S.K. | Pyrrhus.           |
| 29.       | O.S.K. | Karmala.           |
| 30.       | O.S.K. | Nankin.            |
| 1.        | O.S.K. | Demodocus.         |
| 2.        | O.S.K. | Pyrrhus.           |
| 3.        | O.S.K. | Karmala.           |
| 4.        | O.S.K. | Nankin.            |
| 5.        | O.S.K. | Demodocus.         |
| 6.        | O.S.K. | Pyrrhus.           |
| 7.        | O.S.K. | Karmala.           |
| 8.        | O.S.K. | Nankin.            |
| 9.        | O.S.K. | Demodocus.         |
| 10.       | O.S.K. | Pyrrhus.           |
| 11.       | O.S.K. | Karmala.           |
| 12.       | O.S.K. | Nankin.            |
| 13.       | O.S.K. | Demodocus.         |
| 14.       | O.S.K. | Pyrrhus.           |
| 15.       | O.S.K. | Karmala.           |
| 16.       | O.S.K. | Nankin.            |
| 17.       | O.S.K. | Demodocus.         |
| 18.       | O.S.K. | Pyrrhus.           |
| 19.       | O.S.K. | Karmala.           |
| 20.       | O.S.K. | Nankin.            |
| 21.       | O.S.K. | Demodocus.         |
| 22.       | O.S.K. | Pyrrhus.           |
| 23.       | O.S.K. | Karmala.           |
| 24.       | O.S.K. | Nankin.            |
| 25.       | O.S.K. | Demodocus.         |
| 26.       | O.S.K. | Pyrrhus.           |
| 27.       | O.S.K. | Karmala.           |
| 28.       | O.S.K. | Nankin.            |
| 29.       | O.S.K. | Demodocus.         |
| 30.       | O.S.K. | Pyrrhus.           |

## PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, ETC.

## MANILA.

|           |          |             |
|-----------|----------|-------------|
| Sept. 19. | N.Y.K.   | Tango Maru. |
| 20.       | I.O.S.N. | Yongang.    |
| 21.       | S. & B.  | Elridge.    |
| 22.       | S. & B.  | Elridge.    |
| 23.       | S. & B.  | Elridge.    |
| 24.       | S. & B.  | Elridge.    |
| 25.       | S. & B.  | Elridge.    |
| 26.       | S. & B.  | Elridge.    |
| 27.       | S. & B.  | Elridge.    |
| 28.       | S. & B.  | Elridge.    |
| 29.       | S. & B.  | Elridge.    |
| 30.       | S. & B.  | Elridge.    |

## SANDAKAN.

|           |          |          |
|-----------|----------|----------|
| Sept. 25. | I.O.S.N. | Mausang. |
|-----------|----------|----------|

## JAVA PORTS, ETC.

|           |         |             |
|-----------|---------|-------------|
| Sept. 21. | J.C.L.  | Tjilat.     |
| 22.       | N.Y.K.  | Srang Maru. |
| 23.       | S. & B. | Elridge.    |
| 24.       | S. & B. | Elridge.    |
| 25.       | S. & B. | Elridge.    |
| 26.       | S. & B. | Elridge.    |
| 27.       | S. & B. | Elridge.    |
| 28.       | S. & B. | Elridge.    |
| 29.       | S. & B. | Elridge.    |
| 30.       | S. & B. | Elridge.    |

## INDIAN PORTS, ETC.

## CALCUTTA.

|           |          |              |
|-----------|----------|--------------|
| Sept. 25. | I.O.S.N. | Kumsang.     |
| 26.       | I.O.S.N. | Fooksang.    |
| 27.       | O.S.K.   | Purna Maru.  |
| 28.       | O.S.K.   | Janus.       |
| 29.       | O.S.K.   | Saigon Maru. |
| 30.       | I.O.S.N. | Kumsang.     |

## BOMBAY AND COLOMBO.

|           |        |                |
|-----------|--------|----------------|
| Sept. 25. | N.Y.K. | Hakodate Maru. |
| 26.       | N.Y.K. | Soudan.        |
| 27.       | N.Y.K. | Sauki Maru.    |
| 28.       | N.Y.K. | Mantua.        |
| 29.       | N.Y.K. | Karmala.       |

## AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

## SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.

|           |        |               |
|-----------|--------|---------------|
| Sept. 19. | N.Y.K. | Tango Maru.   |
| 20.       | A. O.  | Taiyuan.      |
| 21.       | A. O.  | Arafura.      |
| 22.       | N.Y.K. | Toshima Maru. |
| 23.       | A. O.  | Changsha.     |

## JAPAN PORTS.

|           |        |                    |
|-----------|--------|--------------------|
| Sept. 20. | B. I.  | Japan.             |
| 21.       | A. I.  | Pres. McKinley.    |
| 22.       | N.Y.K. | Cheribon Maru.     |
| 23.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Canada. |
| 24.       | B. I.  | Nile.              |
| 25.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 26.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 27.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 28.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 29.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 30.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 1.        | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 2.        | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 3.        | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 4.        | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 5.        | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 6.        | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 7.        | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 8.        | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 9.        | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 10.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 11.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 12.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 13.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 14.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 15.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 16.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 17.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 18.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 19.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 20.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 21.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 22.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 23.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 24.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 25.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 26.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 27.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 28.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 29.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |
| 30.       | O.S.K. | Shidzuka Maru.     |

## HONOLULU.

|           |        |                |
|-----------|--------|----------------|
| Sept. 23. | T.K.K. | Siberia Maru.  |
| 24.       | C. M.  | Nile.          |
| 25.       | P. M.  | Pres. Wilson.  |
| 26.       | P. M.  | Pres. Hayes.   |
| 27.       | P. M.  | Pres. Taft.    |
| 28.       | T.K.K. | Anyo Maru.     |
| 29.       | O.S.K. | Nankin.        |
| 30.       | T.K.K. | Shidzuka Maru. |
| 1.        | O.S.K. | Taiyo Maru.    |
| 2.        | T.K.K. | Taiyo Maru.    |

## AMERICAN PORTS.

## VANCOUVER, ETC.

|           |        |                       |
|-----------|--------|-----------------------|
| Sept. 19. | B. F.  | Talithybus.           |
| 20.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Canada.    |
| 21.       | O.S.K. | Alabama Maru.         |
| 22.       | N.Y.K. | Shidzuka Maru.        |
| 23.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Russia.    |
| 24.       | O.S.K. | Grace Dollar.         |
| 25.       | O.S.K. | Tydeus.               |
| 26.       | N.Y.K. | Yokohama Maru.        |
| 27.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Australia. |
| 28.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Asia.      |
| 29.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Canada.    |
| 30.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Russia.    |

## VICTORIA.

|           |        |                       |
|-----------|--------|-----------------------|
| Sept. 19. | B. F.  | Talithybus.           |
| 20.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Canada.    |
| 21.       | O.S.K. | Alabama Maru.         |
| 22.       | N.Y.K. | Shidzuka Maru.        |
| 23.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Russia.    |
| 24.       | O.S.K. | Grace Dollar.         |
| 25.       | O.S.K. | Tydeus.               |
| 26.       | N.Y.K. | Yokohama Maru.        |
| 27.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Australia. |
| 28.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Asia.      |
| 29.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Canada.    |
| 30.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Russia.    |

## SEATTLE.

|           |        |                       |
|-----------|--------|-----------------------|
| Sept. 19. | B. F.  | Talithybus.           |
| 20.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Canada.    |
| 21.       | O.S.K. | Alabama Maru.         |
| 22.       | N.Y.K. | Shidzuka Maru.        |
| 23.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Russia.    |
| 24.       | O.S.K. | Grace Dollar.         |
| 25.       | O.S.K. | Tydeus.               |
| 26.       | N.Y.K. | Yokohama Maru.        |
| 27.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Australia. |
| 28.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Asia.      |
| 29.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Canada.    |
| 30.       | O.S.K. | Empress of Russia.    |

## SAN FRANCISCO.

|           |         |                 |
|-----------|---------|-----------------|
| Sept. 20. | C. M.   | Nile.           |
| 21.       | A. I.   | Pres. McKinley. |
| 22.       | O.S.K.  | Alabama Maru.   |
| 23.       | N.Y.K.  | Shidzuka Maru.  |
| 24.       | P. M.   | Pres. Taft.     |
| 25.       | O.S.K.  | Anyo Maru.      |
| 26.       | O.S.K.  | Nankin.         |
| 27.       | O.S.K.  | Diana Dollar.   |
| 28.       | T.K.K.  | Shidzuka Maru.  |
| 29.       | S. & B. | Elridge.        |
| 30.       | T.K.K.  | Siberia Maru.   |
| 1.        | T.K.K.  | Taiyo Maru.     |

## PORTLAND.

|           |              |          |
|-----------|--------------|----------|
| Sept. 22. | Col. Pac. S. | Hannawa. |
|-----------|--------------|----------|

## LOS ANGELES.

|          |         |          |
|----------|---------|----------|
| Oct. 10. | S. & B. | Dewey.   |
| Nov. 8.  | S. & B. | Elridge. |

## VALPARAISO.

|                                      |        |             |
|--------------------------------------|--------|-------------|
| (Via Japan, Honolulu, San Francisco) |        |             |
| San Pedro, Salina Cruz, Balboa       |        |             |
| Callao, Arica & Iquique              |        |             |
| Oct. 9.                              | T.K.K. | Anyo Maru.  |
| Nov. 18.                             | T.K.K. | Saigo Maru. |

## NEW YORK.

~~Continued~~

(VIA PANAMA.)

|           |           |         |
|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Sept. 20. | —A. L.    | Stanley |
| Oct. 10.  | —O. S. K. | Harve   |
| 15.       | —A. L.    | Satsum  |

(VIA SUEZ.)

|           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Sept. 25. | —B. F.    | City of   |
| Oct. 5.   | —B. F.    | Pelous.   |
| 10.       | —T. I. O. | Ethanal   |
| 15.       | —B. F.    | City of M |
| 25.       | —B. F.    | Agamen    |
| Nov. 1.   | —D. L.    | Diana D   |
| 5         | —B. F.    | Kentuck   |
| 8.        | —T. I. O. | Hanover   |
| 15.       | —B. F.    | Toucei.   |
| 25.       | —B. F.    | City of   |
| Dec. 7.   | —T. I. O. | Patrick   |





Formerly one of Ziegfeld's "Follies" on Broadway. Divorced and married again.



America's new Q.M.G. He takes the rank of Major General.



This child, six months old, weighs eighteen pounds and has an 18-inch chest.



Fed and clothed by the municipal authorities.



Twenty-one, she has entered Kansas politics as one of 30 candidates for the governor's post. Abolition of war is her main plank.



Seeking divorce from husband, brother of actress who has married Jack Pickford.



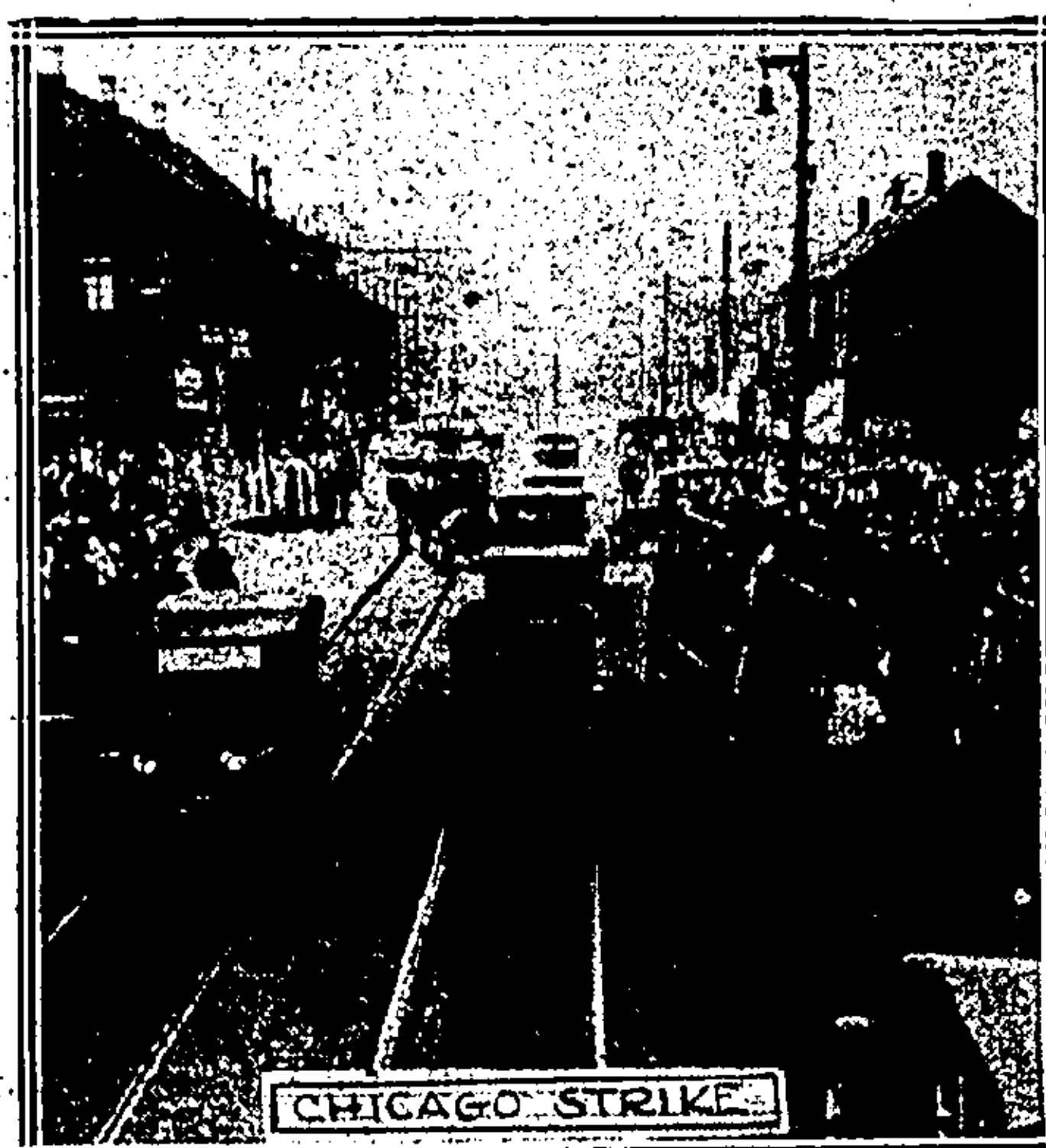
Creator of the "Follies." Denies trouble between himself and his wife, Billie Burke.



Blind stenographer taking dictation in the Braille shorthand system at 80 words a minute.



Jackie Corgan, film star, will have earned \$1,000,000 before his eight birthday.



Tramway men out, people waiting for motor lift in.



Following inland waterways this couple travelled 412 miles from Montreal to New York in ten days.

# P Y R E N E

*Pyrene*  
FIRE  
EXTINGUISHER.

# PROTECTS

MUSTARD & COMPANY,

Sole Distributors,

17, Connaught Road Central.

## EYES RIGHT

If not consult the  
CHINESE OPTICAL CO.  
67 Queen's Road Central.



The house recommended by  
many local doctors for its  
accuracy and cheapness.  
SEE US TODAY.

HERE'S A LETTER  
FROM MY BROTHER  
HE'S GOING TO  
CALL ON US AND  
HOPES TO STAY  
IN TOWN A WEEK.

IF THE  
POLICE SEE  
HIM HE'LL BE  
HERE I'LL TELL  
THEM THAT!



I'LL GO DOWN TO  
THE RAILROAD  
STATION TO MEET  
HIM. THERE'S A  
FREIGHT TRAIN  
DUE NOW!



HE MIGHT BE  
ON THIS TRAIN.

WE'LL GET  
HIM IF HE  
IS!



SAY MAGGIE - I  
WOULDN'T GO TO THE  
TROUBLE OF COOKING  
SUPPER FOR YOUR  
BROTHER!



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## EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

## LAWN TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP.

PHILADELPHIA, September 16th. Johnston and Tilden are left in the final round of the National Lawn Tennis Championship, in which Patterson, Schmitz, Alonzo and other leading exponents, were earlier defeated. In the semi-final, Johnston beat Richards 6/0, 6/2, 6/4, and Tilden beat Patterson 4/6, 6/1, 6/3, 6/1.

PHILADELPHIA, September 16th. Tilden won the National Lawn Tennis Championship, defeating Johnston, 4/6, 6/2, 6/3, 6/4.

## ANGLO-AMERICAN YACHT CUP RESULTS.

OCEANIC, September 16th. The keen contest in a series of matches for the Anglo-American Cup, mentioned in a cable message dated September 16th, concluded with an American aggregate of 10 points, against the British representative 104.

## FORD MOTOR WORKS CLOSE DOWN.

DETROIT, September 16th. It is estimated that 100,000 employees are affected by the arrangements to close down the Ford Motor Works, owing to the exorbitant price of coal.

## STABILISING THE RUBBER INDUSTRY.

LONDON, September 16th. At a meeting held at the offices of the Rubber Growers' Association, Mr. E. H. Davis, from New York, explained and advocated a scheme for the formation of a big international company, for the stabilisation of the rubber industry. He declared that if the leaders of the industry, on a substantial proportion, were able to get together here, they would receive ample support from the British States.

It was finally decided to further examine the proposed scheme, on a condition that the participants were not committed to endorsing the scheme. Mr. Davis is attending a similar conference at The Hague on September 18th.

## EMPIRE COTTON GROWING.

MEMPHIS, September 16th. The Federal Government is considering a proposal for a syndicate to grow cotton in the Northern Territory. It is proposed to raise the capital in Great Britain and bring out Europeans, preferably British.

## U.S.A. RAILWAY SETTLEMENT.

WASHINGTON, September 16th. The Pennsylvania Railroad has signed a working contract, governing wages for the coming year, with representatives of all four Railway Brotherhoods.

## SHACKLETON'S SHIP ARRIVES HOME.

LONDON, September 16th. The Quest has arrived at Plymouth.

## RUSSIA'S COMMERCIAL REAWAKENING.

LONDON, September 16th. Mr. Cruphast says that thousands of applications for commercial posts in Russia have been received since the Russo-Asiatic agreement with the Soviet was signed. That Merchants, clerks and engineers, formerly employed in Russia, are scrambling to get back, was significant of Russia's commercial reawakening.

## MEXICO U.S.A. DEBT AGREEMENT ENDORSED.

MEXICO CITY, September 16th. The House of Representatives unanimously endorsed the agreement, mentioned in a cable message dated June 17th, for the resumption of payment of Mexico's debt.

## PRESIDENT OF REICHSBANK VISITS BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 16th. Herr Haverstein, President of the Reichsbank, visited the Bank of England and conferred with Sir John Bradbury, who has arrived from Paris.

## U.S.A. TARIFF BILL PASSED.

WASHINGTON, September 16th. The House of Representatives have passed the Fordney Tariff Bill by 210 votes to 90.

## COAL PROFITEERS IN AMERICA.

WASHINGTON, September 16th. The Senate, by 47 votes to 12, adopted the Joint Congress report on the Cummins Bill, designed to check profiteering on coal, which will now be sent to the President.

## HONGKONG HEIGHTS.

For the information of visitors the following list of some of the highest points on the Island and Mainland is published:—

| ISLAND.                | Feet |
|------------------------|------|
| Signal Station         | 1774 |
| St. Paul's             | 1733 |
| Mountain Lodge         | 1728 |
| The Bystre             | 1728 |
| Peak Hotel             | 1305 |
| St. David's            | 877  |
| Bowen Rd. (Silverbeds) | 393  |
| MAINLAND.              |      |
| Taimoshan              | 3124 |
| Lion Rock              | 1845 |
| Devil's Peak           | 724  |

## CLOUT PHOTOGRAPHY.

## AUSTRALIAN'S NEW PROCESS.

Mr. A. V. Wilkinson, of Camper, has made a big advance in the adaptation of the three colour process to photographic reproduction. For many years there has been very little advance in this work, but Mr. Wilkinson claims that he has perfected a process which will not only reproduce the natural colour of any object, but will also bring the cost of the completed print far below the present figure.

While there are certain features of his discovery that must remain a secret, Mr. Wilkinson described his process and showed samples of his work in various stages.

It is necessary to have three negatives. The ordinary photographic plate is more sensitive to the blue rays than to any other, but it is possible to sensitize a plate so that it records the action of rays of any desired colour.

The first negative is taken through a blue screen and registers only the yellow portions; the second, taken through a green screen, registers only the blue portions; and the third taken, through a red screen gives only the blue portions of the subject. From each of these plates a print is taken and stained in its appropriate colour—yellow, red or blue.

All this has been done for many years, but the formulas which Mr. Wilkinson uses enables him to strip the thin film—much thinner than that on an ordinary photographic plate—from each of these prints and transfer it on to a paper support so that except for the natural colours the finished photograph looks just like an ordinary one.

The wonderful thing is that the three stained prints are superimposed, in perfect register, the magnifying glass failing to reveal any overlapping even in such a detailed subject as a branch of three blossoms or the crimson "bottlebrush".

From the time Mr. Wilkinson starts to make his three coloured prints until the photograph is finished he takes half an hour. This expedition is due to the formulas and methods of stripping the prints—and of these the inventor alone knows the secret.

## SHADOWS BEFORE.

## COMING EVENTS ADVERTISED IN THE "MAIL."

## ENTERTAINMENTS.

September 18.—Coronet Theatre; A Sailor-Made Man. World Theatre; "The Silent Lie" featuring Miriam Cooper. Kowloon Theatre; The Revenge of Tarzan (Not a serial).

## PUBLIC AUCTION SALES.

September 19.—Hughes and Hough, household furniture. Sales Rooms, 230 p.m.  
September 20.—Hughes and Hough, Government steam launch No. 3, at Yaumatei, 11 a.m.

## COMPANY MEETING.

September 18.—Morse Engineers, Guild of China, Hongkong Branch, monthly meeting. Sailors' Home (West Point), 4 p.m.

October 2.—Lane Crawford, Ltd., extraordinary general meeting, Hongkong Hotel, noon.

October 5.—Douglas Steamship Co., Ltd., ordinary general meeting, Company's offices, 20 Des Voeux Road Central, noon.

October 17.—Lane Crawford, Ltd., extraordinary general meeting, Hongkong Hotel, Ltd., 9.30 a.m.

## THOUGHTS AT FORTY.

In the case of his health a man, it has been said, is either a fool or a physician at 40. For the average man it should not be difficult to be healthy and in his prime at that age.

With the weaker sex the case is different, for this age is liable to bring with it anxieties and health trials; nevertheless many women suffer more than they need.

Actually, whether the individual be a man or woman, if the ailment arises from anaemia, nervousness, indigestion, or faulty health connected with a faulty blood supply, the remedy is new blood. So, if blood troubles have assailed you, if your nerves are weak, if you lack stamina, and your health is not what it should be, you can enjoy new health by the simple expedient of renewing your blood.

To renew your blood begin today a short course of Dr. Williams' pink pills; then as the new blood which they make flows through your veins you will gain fresh energy, new strength, a keen appetite, and full, vigorous health. If a man, you will know the joy it is to be strong; if a woman, you will be gratified with your health, womanly health.

Any dealer can supply you with Dr. Williams' pink pills, or direct from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 93 Essex Street, London, W.1. Write for a free book of health by postcard to the above address.

## BANK. ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

(An American Bank for trade with the Far East.)

Owned by a group of American Banks and under the control of the New York State Banking Department and the Federal Reserve Bank.

Complete banking facilities incident to foreign trade.

Travellers Checks of the American-Bankers' Association and the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, negotiable throughout the world, for Sale and Encashment with us.

HEAD OFFICE: New York

BRANCH: San Francisco

Head Office for the Orient: Shanghai.

Branches: Hankow, Peking, Manila, Singapore.

D. M. BIGGAR, Manager.

## EXCHANGE.

Hongkong, September 18, 1922.

On London—

Bank, Wire ... 2/6-1/2

On demand ... 2/6-1/2

30 days sight ... 2/7

4 months sight ... 2/7-1/2

Documentary 4 months sight ... 2/7-1/2

On Paris—

On demand ... 750

Credits, 4 months sight ... 785

On New York—

On demand ... 57 1/2

Credits, 60 days sight ... 58 1/2

On Bombay—

On demand ... 195

On Calcutta—

On demand ... 198

On Singapore—

On demand ... 110 1/2

On Manila—

On demand ... 110

On Shanghai—

On demand ... 117 1/2

Gold Leaf, 100 fine (per tael) ... 44-40

Silver (per tael) ... 58 1/2

Silver (per tael) ... 58 1/2

Silver (per tael) ... 58 1/2

Silver (per tael) ... 58 1/2

Silver (per tael) ... 58 1/2

Silver (per tael) ... 58 1/2

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## NOTICE.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

TIME TABLE

WEEK DAYS.

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. every 15 minutes

8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. " 10 "

10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. " 15 "

11.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. " 15 "

12.00 p.m. to 2.00 p.m. " 10 "

2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. " 15 "

4.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. " 10 "

5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. " 15 "

6.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. " 10 "

7.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. " 15 "

8.00 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. " 10 "

9.00 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. every 15 minutes

11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every 15 minutes

11.45 p.m. to 12.00 a.m. " 10 "

12.00 a.m. to 1.00 a.m. " 15 "

1.00 a.m. to 2.00 a.m. " 10 "

2.00 a.m. to 3.00 a.m. " 15 "

3.00 a.m. to 4.00 a.m. " 10 "

4.00 a.m. to 5.00 a.m. " 15 "

5.00 a.m. to 6.00 a.m. " 10 "

6.00 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. " 15 "

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. " 10 "

8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. " 15 "

9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. " 10 "

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